

NBC & MSO CPD Day— 'MMC - A MET Perspective'

D/RES
Making life remarkable



OVERVIEW



Overview



Ireland's leading private sustainable residential developer



Institutional and state-backed development



2,000 units delivered to date in the Irish market



Secure pipeline with capacity for 5,000 units



2,697 units in active planning



398 units under construction

Focus Areas



Private Housing



Social & Affordable Housing



Private & Cost Rental Apartments

Development Finance Partners



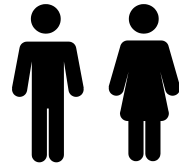
Bank of Ireland



Gníomhaireacht Bainistíochta an Chisteáin Náisiúnta
National Treasury Management Agency

Ciste Infheistíochta Straitéisí d'Éirinn
Ireland Strategic Investment Fund

UNITS UNDER DEVELOPMENT

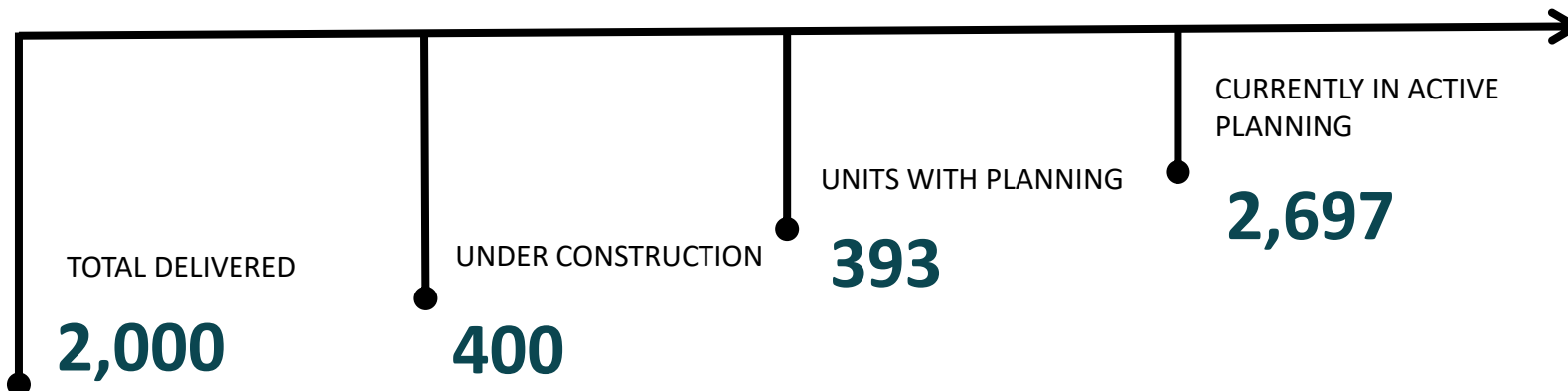


80
FTE
Employees

COMPLETED UNITS

2021**	2022	2023	2024	2025
206	369	168	460	303

CURRENT ACTIVITY



- ALTIDORE —
— GARDENS
- Tinakilly
Park**
- Bellevue
- DELGANY
- Cherry
Lane
- EASTMOUNT
- DELGANY
- 
- BALLINAHINCH WOOD
- ASHFORD, CO WICKLOW

95%
**Timber Frame
Construction**

* Excluding sales from Cherrywood. ** D/RES sites were closed from December 2020 to April 2021 due to COVID-19

TIMBER FRAME HOUSING – MMC CATEGORY 2



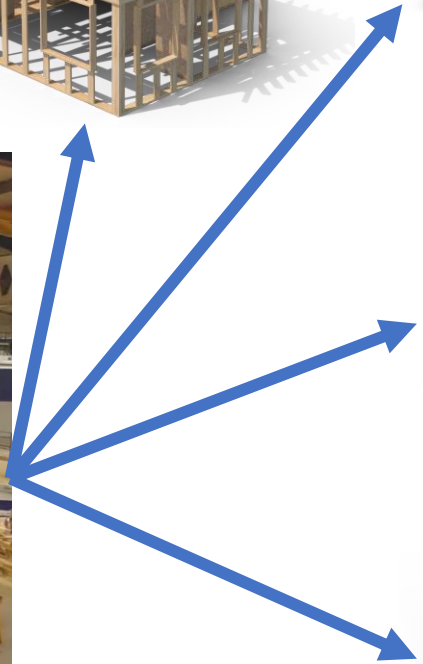
Roof Cassette



I-Joist



Hybrid Wall

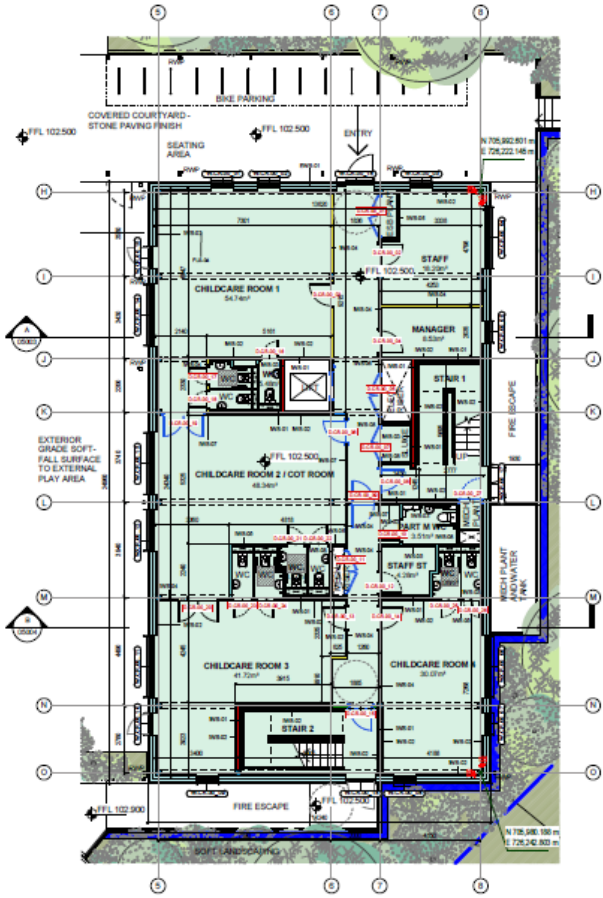


Off-site Pre-Manufactured Components

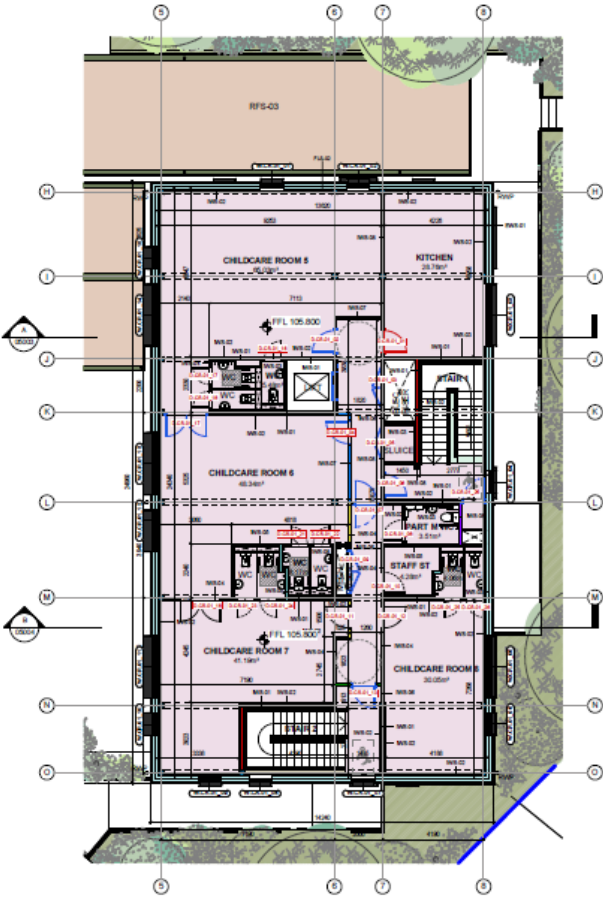


Creche & Community Centre

CRECHE LAYOUTS



00 Creche Ground Floor
1 : 100



01 Creche Level 01
1 : 100

LEGEND

EWS - External Wall Systems

- EWS-01 Render Finish on Insulation with CLT Structure (300mm)
- EWS-02 Exterior Render on Stockwork outer leaf, 130mm cavity with Stockwork inner Leaf (425mm) (Refuse Store & ESS Substation)
- EWS-03 Stockwork Wall (215mm)

IWS - Internal Wall Systems

- IWS-01 CLT Wall (100mm)
- IWS-02 Wall Lining System (Non FR) (50mm)
- IWS-03 Wall Lining System (Non FR) (Moisture Resistant) (50mm)
- IWS-04 Timber Stud Partition System (Non FR) (115mm)
- IWS-05 Timber Stud Partition System (Non FR) (Moisture Resistant) (115mm)
- IWS-06 Timber Stud Partition System (60 min FR) (140mm)
- IWS-07 Timber Stud Partition System (30 min FR) (115mm)
- IWS-08 Timber Stud Partition System (60 min FR) (Moisture Resistant) (140mm)
- IWS-09 Timber Stud Partition System (30 min FR) (Moisture Resistant) (115mm)
- IWS-10 Tile Finish (15mm)

FLS - Floor Systems

- FLS-01 Forbo Marmoleum 2.5mm Flooring on Concrete Screed, Insulation, and Concrete Slab (Ground Floor - Community Centre)
- FLS-02 Forbo Marmoleum Decibel 3.5mm 18dB Flooring on Fibreboard, Timber Joists, and CLT Slab (1st Floor)
- FLS-03 Forbo Marmoleum 2.5mm Flooring on Concrete Screed, Insulation, and Concrete Slab (Ground Floor - Creche)

RFS - Roof Systems

- RFS-01 Pitched Roof - Greencoat Sinusoidal Profile Metal Roof
- RFS-02 Pitched Roof - Bauder XF301 Lightweight Sedum System Green Roof
- RFS-03 Flat Roof - Metal Corlor Deck Roof
- RFS-04 Flat Roof of Substation / Refuse Store - Concrete Slab with Stone Balast

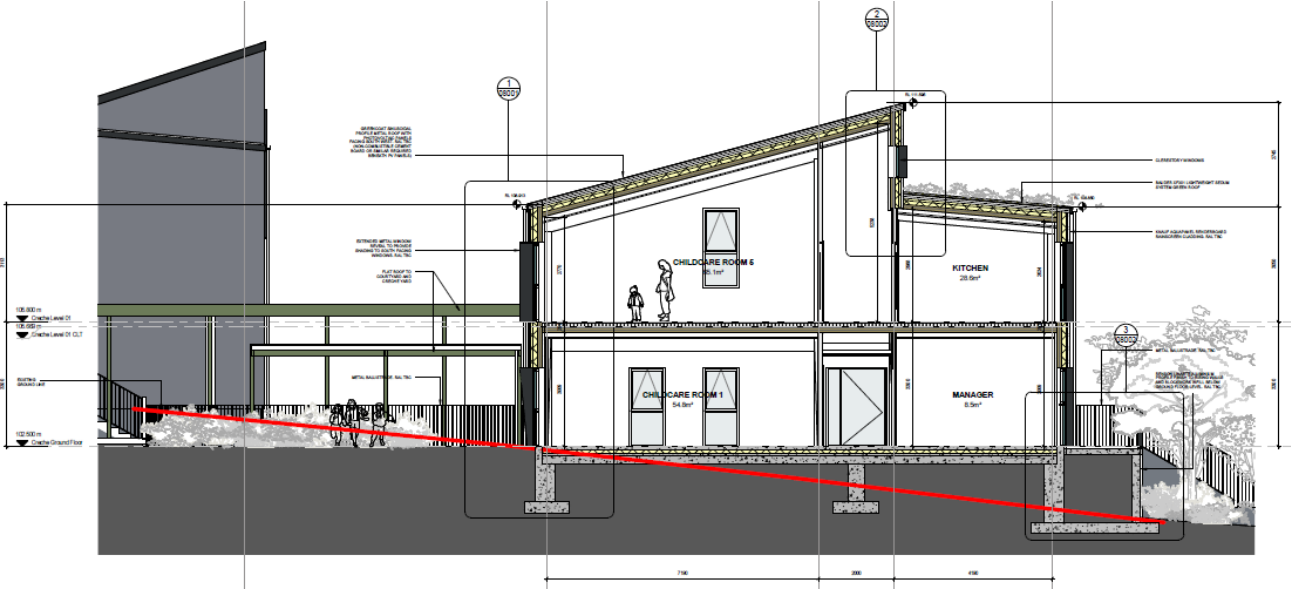
CLG - Ceiling Systems

- CLG-01 Lignotrend LIGNO Acoustic Light Ceiling
- CLG-02 Suspended Ceiling
- CLG-03 Moisture Resistant Suspended Ceiling

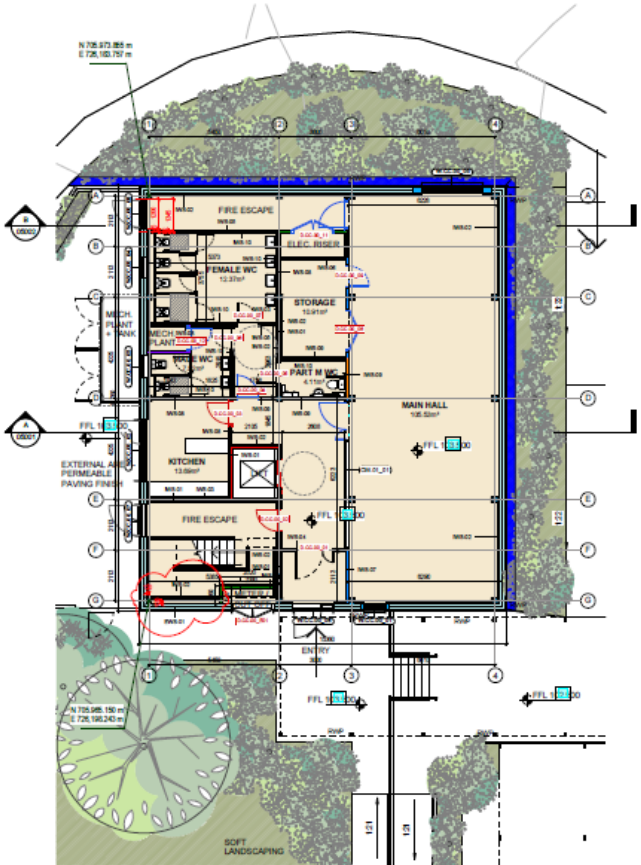
Doors

- 60 Min FR Door
- 30 Min FR Door
- Non-FR Door

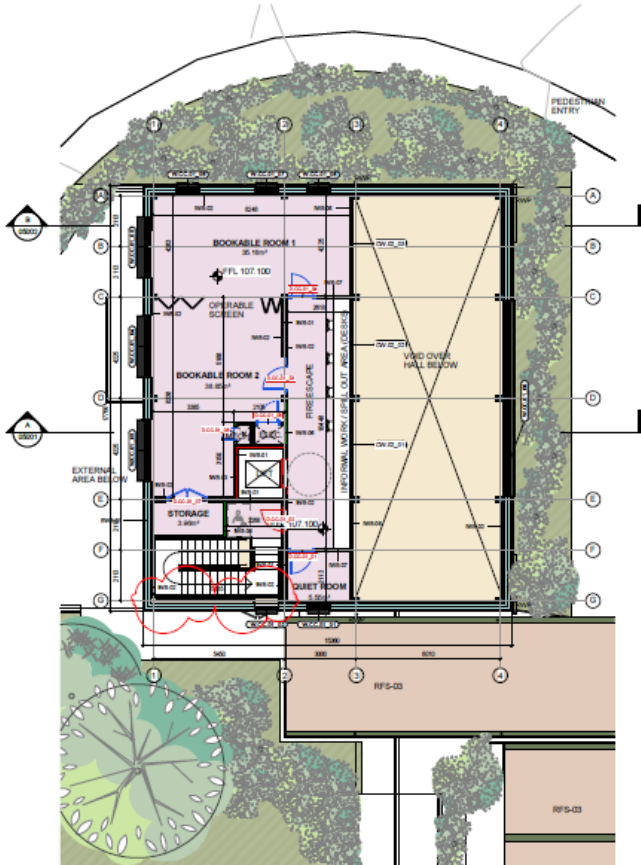
CRECHE SECTIONS & SUPERSTRUCTURE



COMMUNITY CENTRE LAYOUTS



00 Community Centre Ground Floor
1: 100

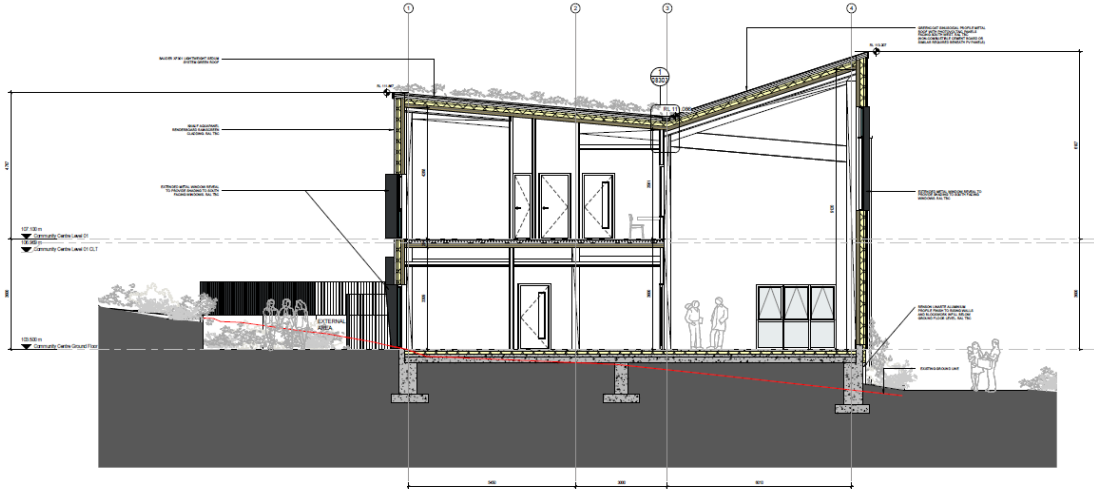


01 Community Centre Level 01
1: 100

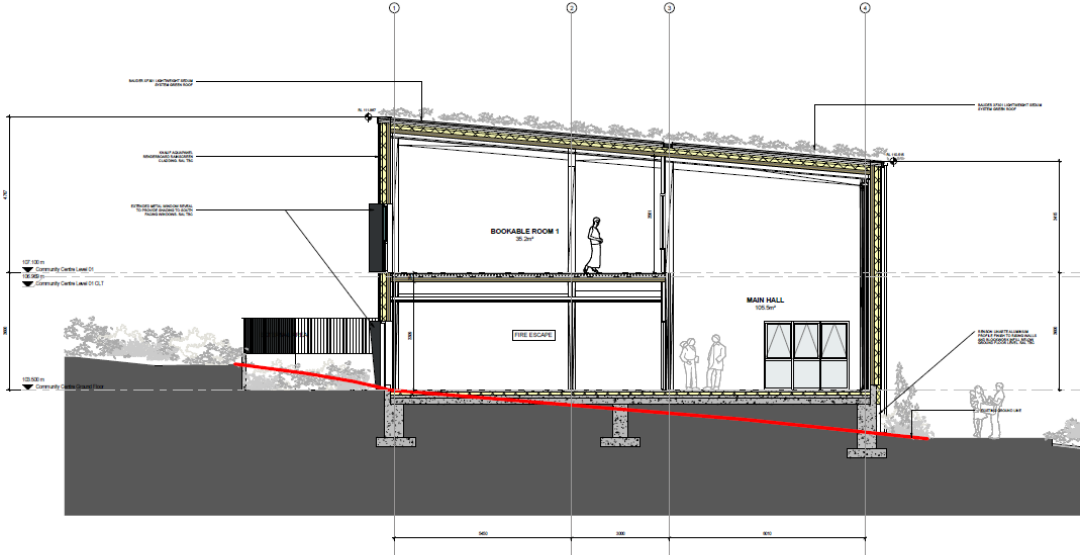
LEGEND

- EWS - External Wall Systems**
 - EWS-01 Render Finish on Insulation with CLT Structure (200mm)
 - EWS-02 Exterior Render on Blockwork outer leaf, 100mm cavity with Blockwork inner Leaf (400mm) (Refuse Store & ESS Substation)
 - EWS-03 Blockwork Wall (215mm)
- IWS - Internal Wall Systems**
 - IWS-01 CLT Wall (100mm)
 - IWS-02 Wall Lining System (Non FR) (50mm)
 - IWS-03 Wall Lining System (Non FR) (Moisture Resistant) (50mm)
 - IWS-04 Timber Stud Partition System (Non FR) (115mm)
 - IWS-05 Timber Stud Partition System (Non FR) (Moisture Resistant) (115mm)
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 - IWS-08 Timber Stud Partition System (60 min FR) (Moisture Resistant) (140mm)
 - IWS-09 Timber Stud Partition System (30 min FR) (Moisture Resistant) (115mm)
 - IWS-10 Tile Finish (15mm)
- FLS - Floor Systems**
 - FLS-01 Forbo Marmoleum 2.5mm Flooring on Concrete Screed, Insulation, and Concrete Slab (Ground Floor - Community Centre)
 - FLS-02 Forbo Marmoleum Decibel 3.5mm 100B Flooring on Fibreboard, Timber Joists, and CLT Slab (First Floor)
 - FLS-03 Forbo Marmoleum 2.5mm Flooring on Concrete Screed, Insulation, and Concrete Slab (Ground Floor - Crèche)
- RFS - Roof Systems**
 - RFS-01 Pitched Roof - Greencoat Sinoacetal Profile Metal Roof
 - RFS-02 Pitched Roof - Bauder XF301 Lightweight Sedum System Green Roof
 - RFS-03 Flat Roof - Metal Corridor Deck Roof
 - RFS-04 Flat Roof of Substation / Refuse Store - Concrete Slab with Stone Ballast
- CLG - Ceiling Systems**
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 - 60 Min FR Door
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COMMUNITY CENTRE SECTIONS & SUPERSTRUCTURE



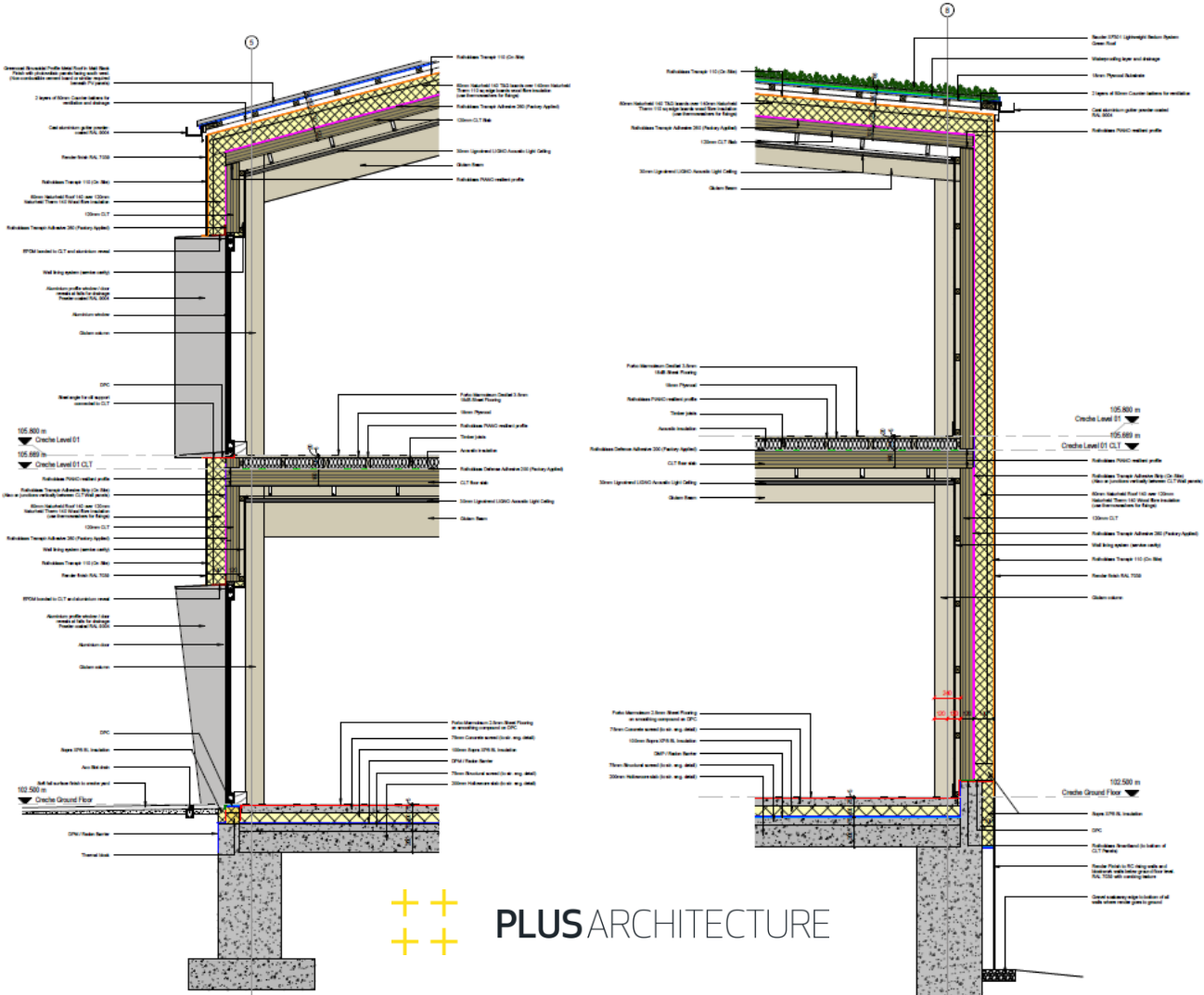
Community Centre Section A
1:50



Community Centre Section B
1:50



EMBODIED CARBON ASPIRATIONS



++ ++ PLUSARCHITECTURE

❖ IGBC Definition:

A 'Net Zero Whole Life Carbon' building does not exceed local targets for operational energy use or embodied carbon; such that the sum total Global Warming Potential for all cradle to grave life cycle stages are less than or equal to zero, where residual carbon is compensated for via renewable energy sources, or as a last resort carbon offsetting.



LOW EMBODIED CARBON BUILDING PRODUCTS

The **Baumit StarSystem Nature** has: good thermal insulation values, is water vapour permeable and is environmentally friendly due to wood being a renewable resource. The components not only have a high heat storage capacity, they are also breathable.



natur held Product data sheet **naturheld Therm 140**
 Natural insulation with naturheld Version Nr. - 003, Valid from 01.03.2024

GREENCOAT®
 COLORFUL STEEL

SSAB



AREAS OF APPLICATION



- ▲ Substructure panel for roofs and walls (not weatherproof)
- ▲ Plaster base for interior wall insulation
- ▲ Underlay for floor coverings



BaudeGREEN XF 301 sedum blanket
 pre-cultivated vegetation blanket on a patented nylon loop and geo-textile base carrier with special substrate and a pre-attached integral 8mm moisture retention fleece.

BaudeGREEN AL 40 sedum blanket edge trim
 perforated edge/drainage trim.

BaudeGREEN SDF
 multifunctional drainage, filtration and protection layer manufactured from ultraviolet resistant nylon woven loops which are thermally bonded to geo-textile filter fleece facings.

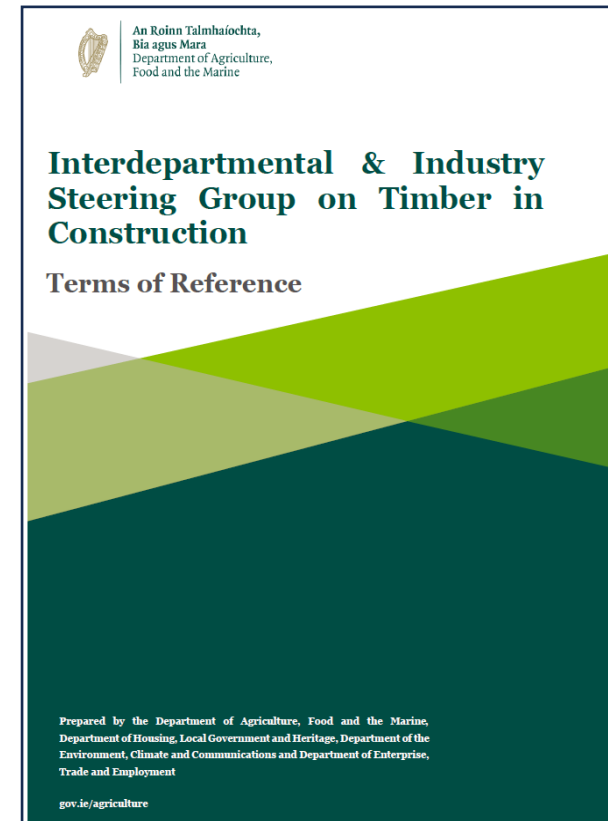
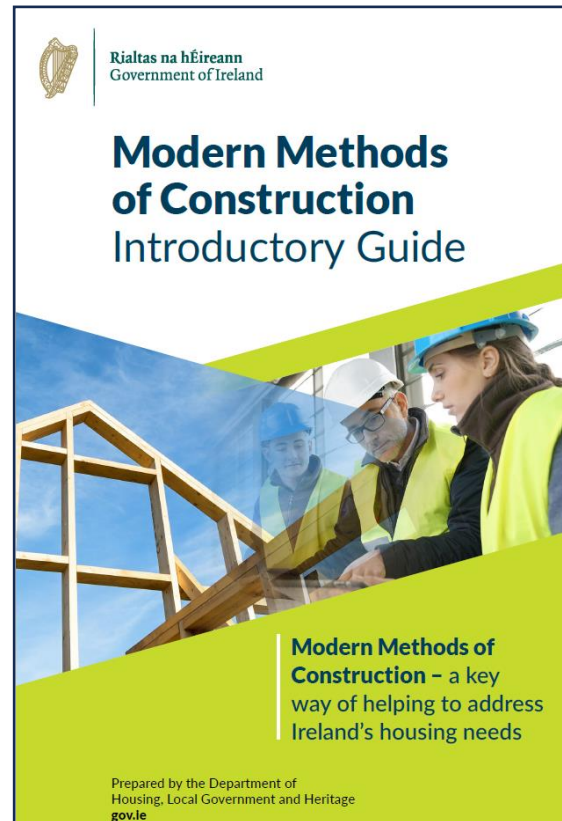
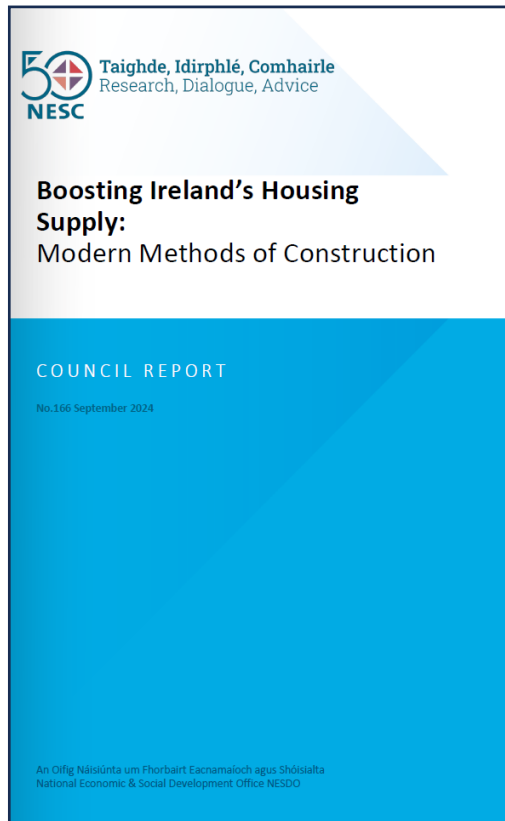
Baude Waterproofing (all four types are suitable)
 Shown here in single ply



The image shows the interior of a building with extensive mass engineered timber cladding on the walls and ceiling. The wood has a light, natural finish. Large, multi-paned windows with black frames are visible, some of which are covered with clear plastic protective sheeting. The perspective is from a low angle, looking up at the ceiling and across the room. A white rectangular frame highlights a central portion of the image, and a white vertical line is positioned to the left of the text.

Mass Engineered Timber

NESC REPORT SEPT 2024: “It finds that greater adoption of MMC for residential development can be a ‘game changer’ for the Irish housing system, as it can drive higher productivity gains, substantially increase housing supply, and help meet the environmental goal of decarbonising housing – both new and existing stock.”



TIMBER IN CONSTRUCTION STEERING GROUP

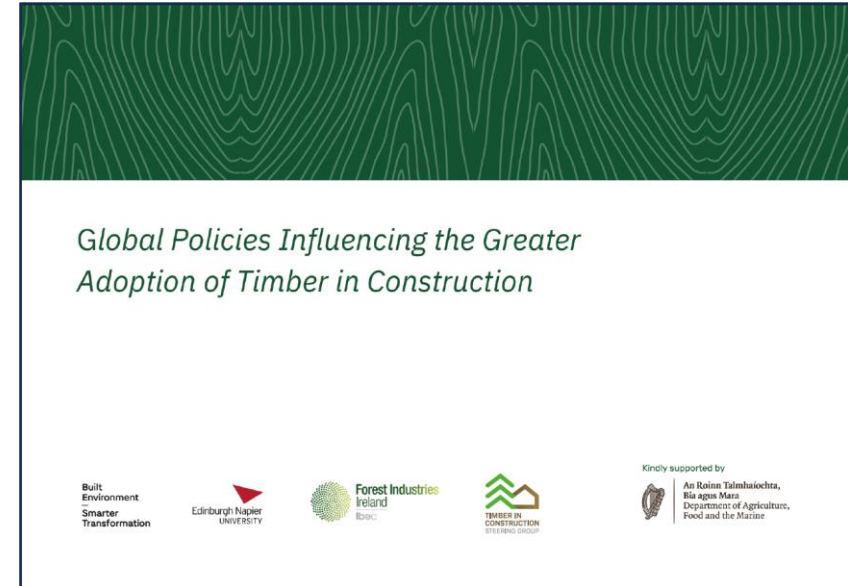
Terms of Reference for Interdepartmental & Industry Steering Group

To develop a forum with Government and Industry to work collaboratively:

- I. to create the conditions to increase the use of timber in construction whilst ensuring the highest degree of building safety and property protection;
- II. to examine regulatory and standardisation challenges; and
- III. to maximise the use of home-grown timber in construction.

Two reports were released in 2024, with four further reports expected in 2025:

- “Global Policies Influencing the Greater Adoption of Timber in Construction”
- “Timber in Construction Academic Survey”



TIMBER IN CONSTRUCTION – D/RES INVOLVEMENT



TG1 ARUP

Department of Enterprise, Trade and Employment

Expert Services to Develop Baseline Data and Analysis to Demonstrate the Market Opportunities for Timber in Construction in Ireland

Final Report
Reference: 603494-43
June 2025



TG3

TG3 - PUBLIC PROCUREMENT AND DEMONSTRATOR PROJECTS

REPORT DRAFT 01

December 2024

PURPOSE OF REPORT DRAFT 01

- Demonstrate the layout and format of the report, including example graphics and diagrams.
- Present an outline structure of the text, with bullet point headings for each section.
- Show work-in-progress conclusions and recommendations, which will be refined as stakeholder interviews and case study research are completed.
- Confirmation of international case study selection.

WAUGH THISTLETON ARCHITECTS



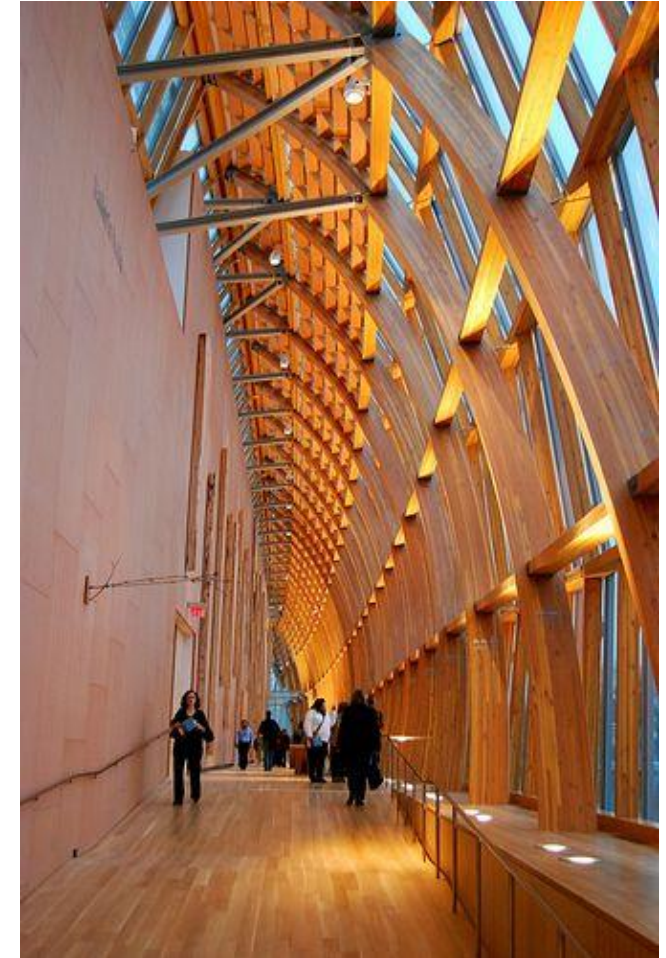
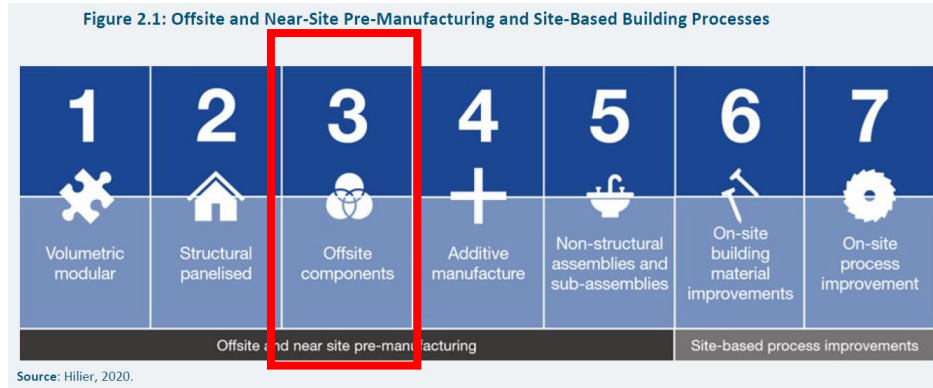
An Roinn Talmhaíochta, Bia agus Mara
Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine

INTERDEPARTMENTAL & INDUSTRY STEERING GROUP on TIMBER IN CONSTRUCTION

- **TG1 - Market Opportunity**
- **TG2 - Regulation, Standards & Compliance**
- **TG3 – Public Procurement & Demonstration Projects**
- **TG4 - Research & Development**
- **TG5 – Communication, Education, Training & Public Awareness**



MASS ENGINEERED TIMBER – MMC CATEGORY 3



❖ Cross Laminated Timber (CLT)

- CLT is an engineered wood product consisting of layers of kiln-dried dimension lumber (usually three, five, seven or nine) oriented at right angles to one another and then glued to form structural panels.

❖ Glue Laminated Timber (Glulam)

- Glulam (glued laminated timber) comprises a number of wood laminates glued together. The fibres in the laminates run parallel to the length of the piece then glued to form structural panels.

MOTIVATION FOR USING MASS ENGINEERED TIMBER

❖ Sustainability

- Renewable resource via afforestation
- Sequestration of carbon within timber
- Lowest Global Warming Potential (GWP)

❖ Operational Effectiveness

- Lower heating consumption
- Air tightness achieved is almost Passivhaus
- Superior thermal insulation & comfort levels
- Indoor quality similar to the WELL Concept

❖ Construction Efficiency

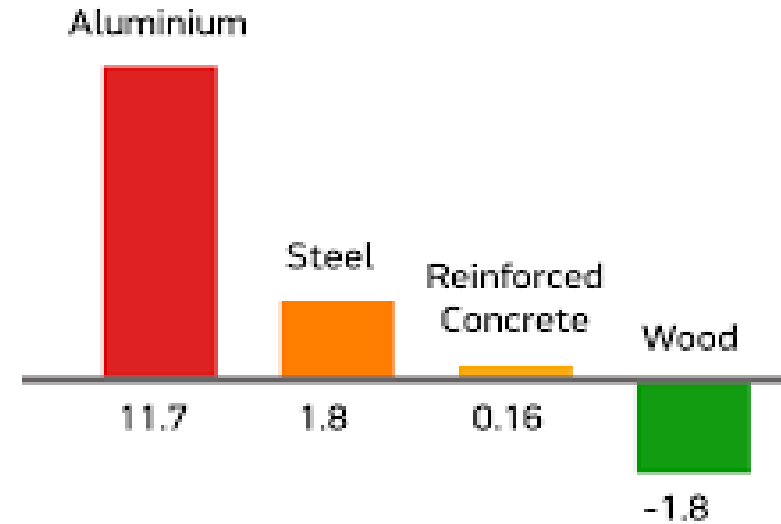
- Design for Manufacture & Assembly (DfMA)
- Shorter programme duration
- Greater precision & construction quality
- Fire safety

❖ User Comfort & Wellness

- Biophilia response to proximity of timber
- Improved health & wellbeing
- Enhanced productivity and learning outcomes

Carbon footprint

Tonnes of CO2 emitted per tonne produced



Source : Aderne



The WELL Concept



AIR

Reduce indoor air pollution and optimize indoor air quality



WATER

Provide safe water through filtration and testing



NOURISHMENT

Minimize disruption to circadian system



LIGHT

Improve eating habits and food culture



FITNESS

Integrate activity through fitness programs and education



COMFORT

Ergonomic and distraction-free, productive environment



MIND

Optimized cognitive and emotional health

SUPERSTRUCTURE – ENGINEERED TIMBER



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ergodomus

Structural Report

NTMK – Community + Creche



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the art of timber engineering

Internal code: 23013

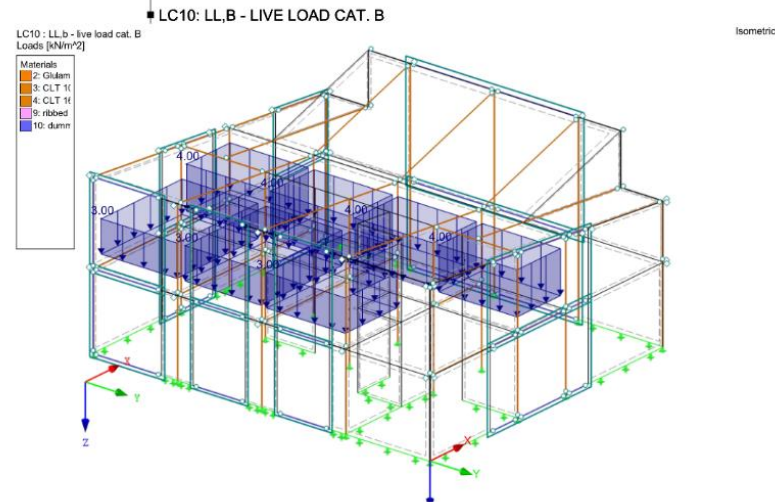
Structural Report (233 pages)

ergodomus®

Studio Ergodomus
Loc. Fratte, 18/4, 38057 PERGINE VALSUGANA (TN)
Tel: 0461/510932

Page: 16/17
Sheet: 1

LOADS



LC11: LL,h - roof maintenance

LC11: LL,h - roof maintenance

3.4 SURFACE LOADS

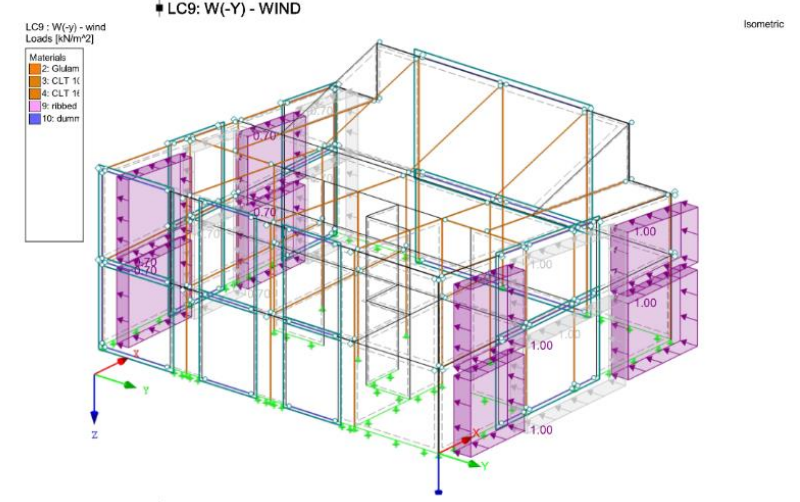
No.	On Surfaces No.	Load Type	Load Distribution	Load Direction	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	217-220	Force	Uniform	ZL	p	0.50	kN/m²

ergodomus®

Studio Ergodomus
Loc. Fratte, 18/4, 38057 PERGINE VALSUGANA (TN)
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Page: 15/17
Sheet: 1

LOADS



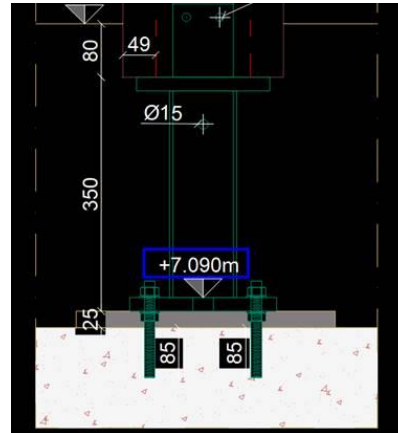
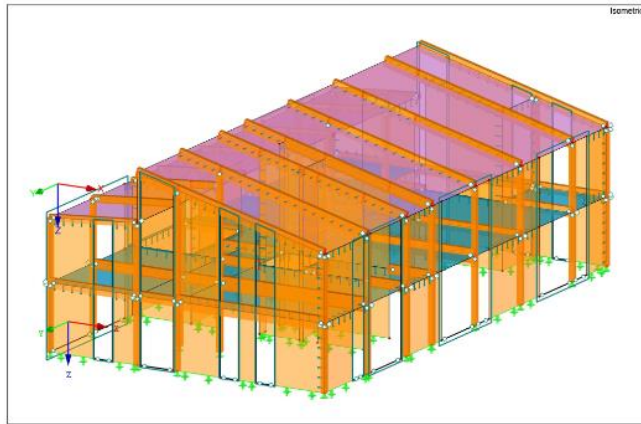
LC10: LL,b - live load cat. B

LC10: LL,b - live load cat. B

3.4 SURFACE LOADS

No.	On Surfaces No.	Load Type	Load Distribution	Load Direction	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	194-195-200	Force	Uniform	ZL	p	3.00	kN/m²
2	196-199	Force	Uniform	ZL	p	4.00	kN/m²

19.1 Engineered Timber - Structural Analysis 1



EN 1995-1-2 (Draft version)

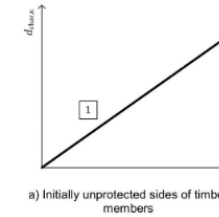
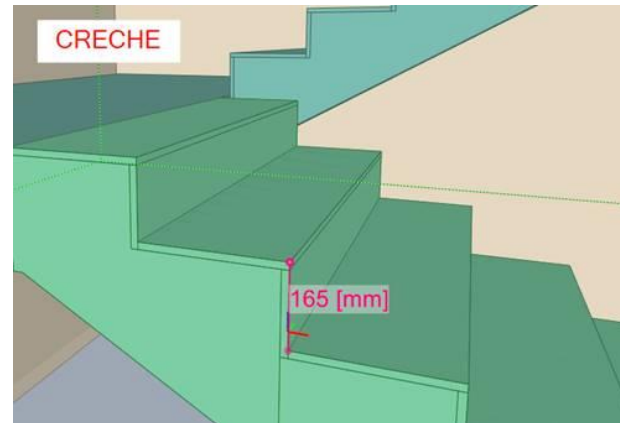
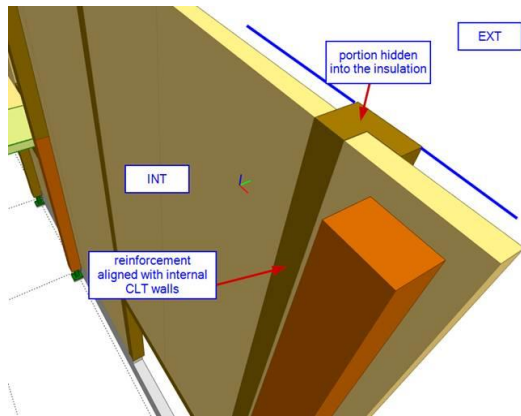
5.4.2 The European charring model

5.4.2.1 General

(1) <RCM> The European charring model should be applied to standard fire exposure.

(2) <RCM> The following phases should be taken into account where relevant (see Figure 5.1 and Figure 5.2):

- **Normal charring phase (Phase 1)** for initially unprotected sides of timber members and for initially protected sides of timber members
- **Encapsulated phase (Phase 0)** is the phase when no charring occurs behind the fire protection system.
- **Protected charring phase (Phase 2)** is the phase when charring occurs behind fire protection system while the system is still in place.
- **Post-protected charring phase (Phase 3)** is the phase after the failure of the fire protection system before a fully developed char layer has been formed.
- **Consolidated charring phase (Phase 4)** is the phase with fully developed char layer.



Conclusion

For linear glulam elements, current and draft Eurocode adopt the same linear model (reduced cross-section method). The check of the elements is performed accordingly.


19.2 Engineered Timber - Structural Analysis 2

rothoblaas

USE PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTION

6.1 Vertical shear (FV)	52%	6.3 Axial (Fxa)	0%
6.2 Lifting shear (Fup)	0%	6.4 Lateral shear load (Fst)	0%
7. Combined load	55%		

CALCULATION OF LOCK T CONCEALED TIMBER-TO-TIMBER CONNECTOR



1. General information

Date: 21/07/2024

Rothoblaas technical salesman: [redacted]

Project: B790

Designer: [redacted]

Calculation standard: EC 1993-1-1

Connection nr.: [redacted]

Notes: [redacted]

2. Combinations

Service class: I

Load class on plate: Medium duration

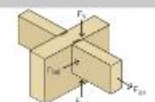
Moist coefficient: $k_{mod} = 1.1$

Safety coefficient of connection: $\gamma_{M2} = 1.3$

Safety coefficient of aluminium: $\gamma_{M5} = 1.25$

3. Design shear strength

Vertical shear action	$F_{v,Rd}$ [kN]	40.2
Shear action for lifting	$F_{v,Rd}$ [kN]	0
Axial action	$F_{t,Rd}$ [kN]	0
Lateral action	$F_{v,Rd}$ [kN]	0



4. Timber element

Configuration for lateral resistance: [redacted]

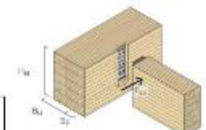
4.1 Main element

Column base	B_c [mm]	240
Column Depth	H_c [mm]	240
Type of timber	-	GL24h
Main element orientation	-	Column

Timber strength class EN 14958: 22C

Characteristic density	ρ_k [kg/m ³]	385
Characteristic compressive strength parallel to the grain	$f_{c,90}$ [N/mm ²]	24.0
Characteristic compressive strength perpendicular to the grain	$f_{c,0}$ [N/mm ²]	2.5
Characteristic strength for rolling shear	$f_{r,0}$ [N/mm ²]	1.2
Characteristic shear resistance	$f_{v,0}$ [N/mm ²]	3.5

For screws on columns, use $\alpha_{100} \leq \alpha_{100,0.9}$.




Horizontal Wind Load

rothoblaas

USE PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTION

6.1 Vertical shear (FV)	52%	6.3 Axial (Fxa)	0%
6.2 Lifting shear (Fup)	0%	6.4 Lateral shear load (Fst)	0%
7. Combined load	55%		

CALCULATION OF LOCK T CONCEALED TIMBER-TO-TIMBER CONNECTOR



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Notes: [redacted]

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Service class: I

Load class on plate: Medium duration

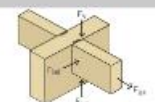
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Axial action	$F_{t,Rd}$ [kN]	0
Lateral action	$F_{v,Rd}$ [kN]	0



4. Timber element

Configuration for lateral resistance: [redacted]

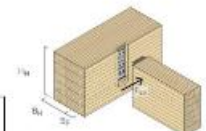
4.1 Main element

Column base	B_c [mm]	240
Column Depth	H_c [mm]	240
Type of timber	-	GL24h
Main element orientation	-	Column

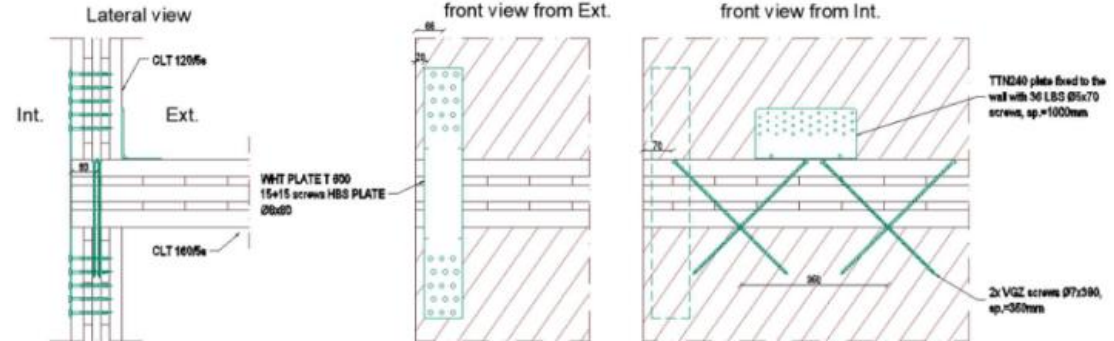
Timber strength class EN 14958: 22C

Characteristic density	ρ_k [kg/m ³]	385
Characteristic compressive strength parallel to the grain	$f_{c,90}$ [N/mm ²]	24.0
Characteristic compressive strength perpendicular to the grain	$f_{c,0}$ [N/mm ²]	2.5
Characteristic strength for rolling shear	$f_{r,0}$ [N/mm ²]	1.2
Characteristic shear resistance	$f_{v,0}$ [N/mm ²]	3.5

For screws on columns, use $\alpha_{100} \leq \alpha_{100,0.9}$.



TT_05: slab-wall connection





Biogenic Envelope



» Home » Solutions Guide » External Wall Insulation Systems » Baumit StarSystem Nature

Baumit StarSystem Nature: Renewable resource



Direction Sécurité, Structures et Feu
Division Etudes et Essais Feu
Safety, Structures and Fire Department
Fire Studies and Tests Division



RAPPORT DE CLASSEMENT EUROPEEN DE REACTION AU FEU REACTION TO FIRE EUROPEAN CLASSIFICATION REPORT

N° RA23-0106

Notification par l'état français auprès de la commission européenne sous le n° 0679
Notification by the French government to the European commission under no. 0679

Document d'évaluation Européenne 040083-00-0404:2019
« Système d'isolation thermique extérieure par enduit (ETICS) »
EAD 040083-00-0404:2019 European assessment document
"External Thermal Insulation Composite System with rendering (ETICS)"

4. Classement et domaine d'application / Classification and direct field of application

4.1 Référence du classement / Reference of the classification

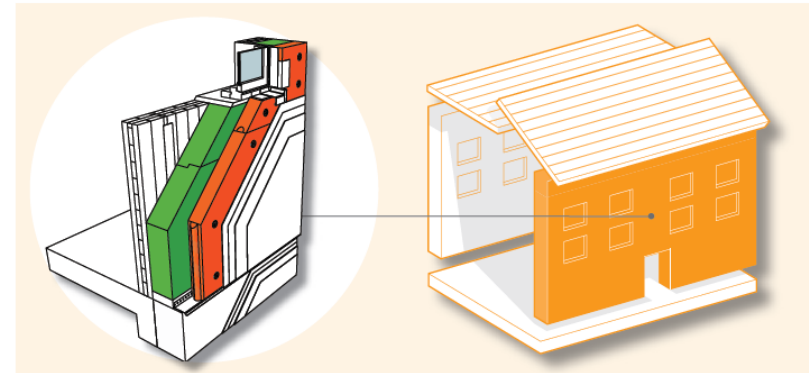
Le classement est prononcé suivant la norme NF EN 13501-1:2018.
This classification has been carried out in accordance with the NF EN 13501-1:2018 standard.

4.2 Classement / Classification

Comportement au feu Fire behaviour	Production de fumées Smoke production	Gouttes ou particules enflammées Flaming droplets or debris
B	s1	d0

Classement / Classification : **B-s1, d0**

NBT Natural Building Technologies New Build System for Cross Laminated Timber Render



System Performance

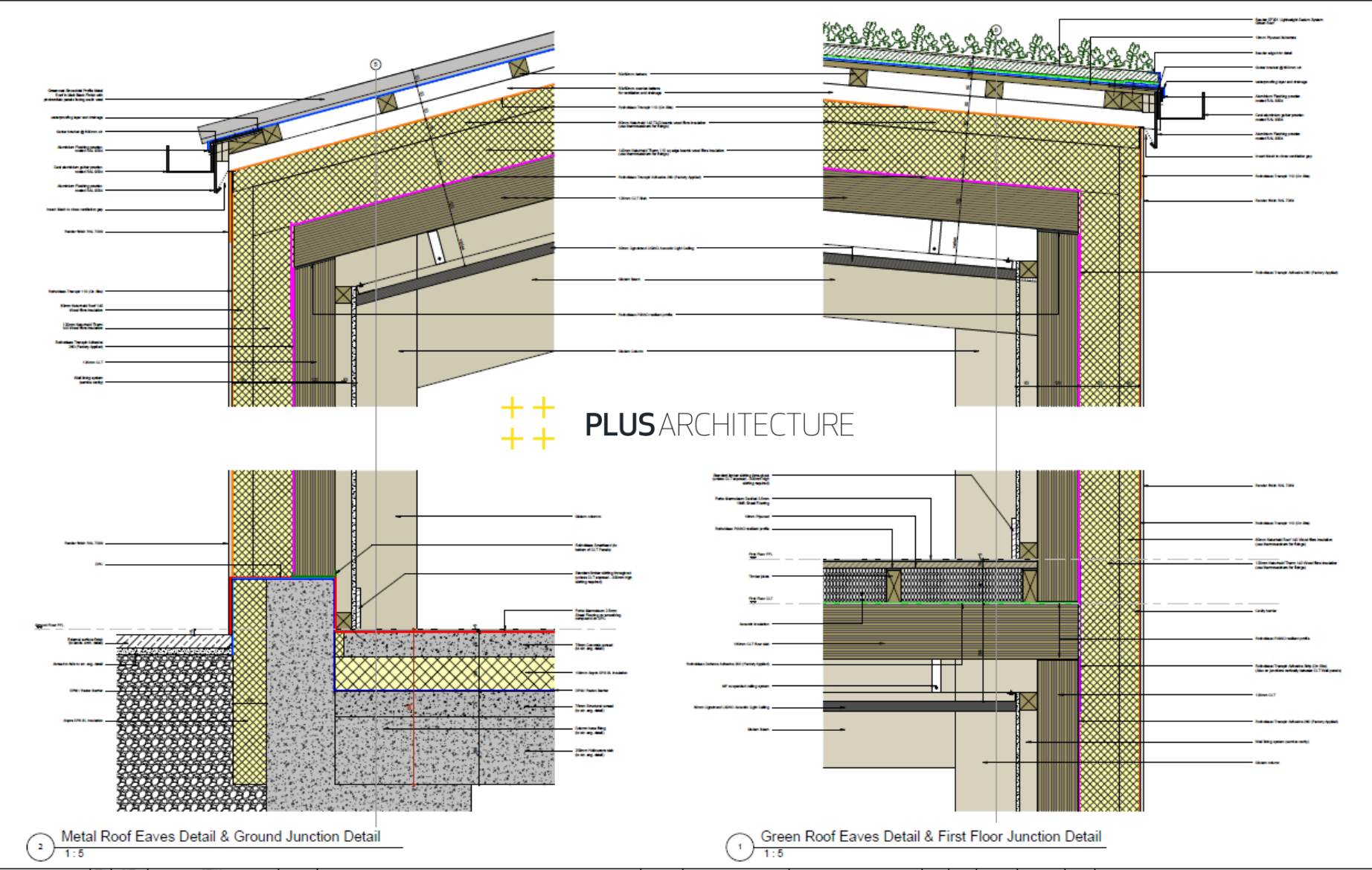
u - values 0.26 - 0.10

y - values 0.05 - 0.02

The system complies with the most stringent of standards – from baseline building regulations through to Passivhaus. The system is available in an extensive number of render options including, colour, texture and weathering resistance. All components for the system are available from NBT.



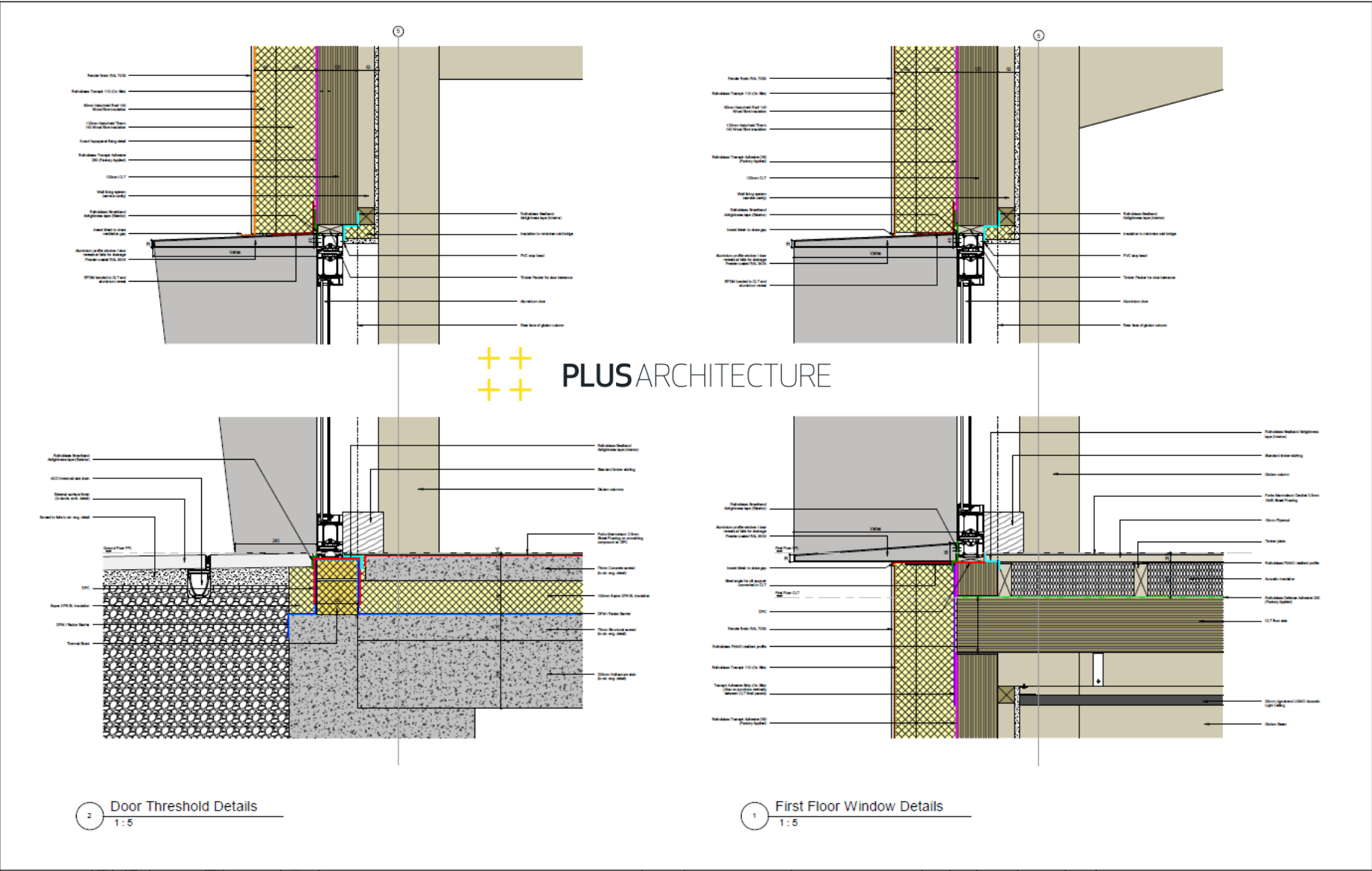
DETAILED STUDY OF CONSTRUCTION METHODOLOGY - 1



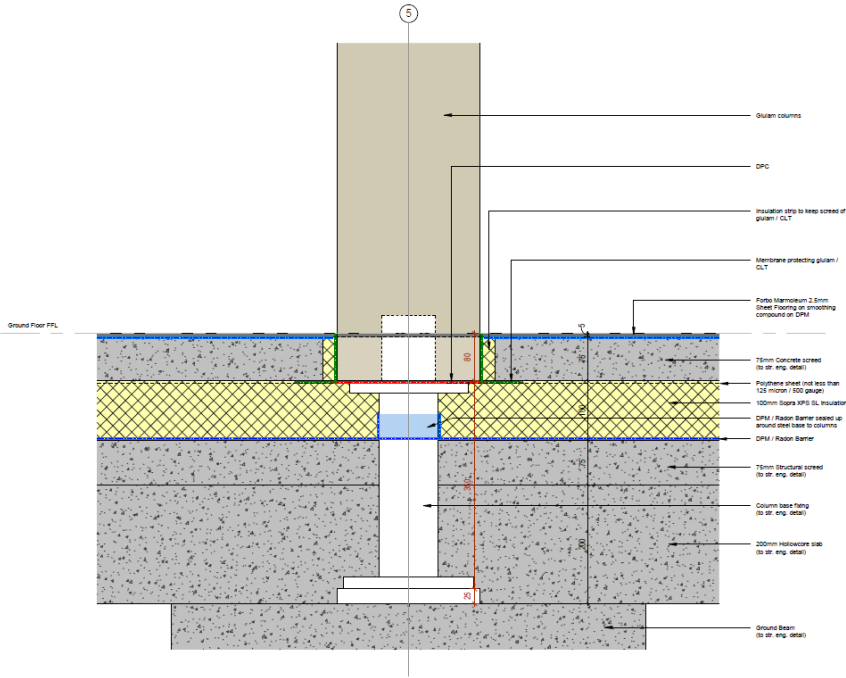
2 Metal Roof Eaves Detail & Ground Junction Detail
1:5

1 Green Roof Eaves Detail & First Floor Junction Detail
1:5

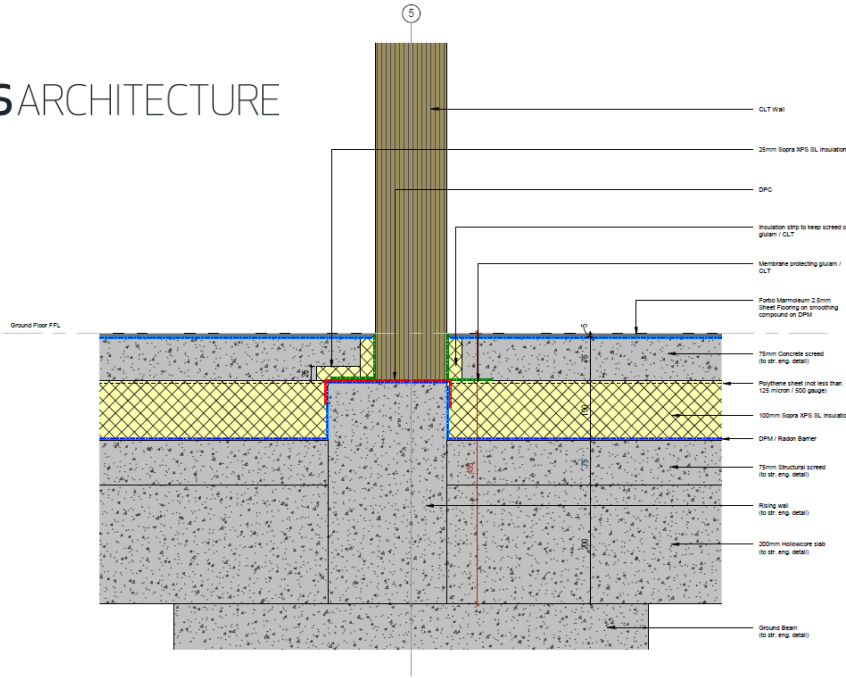
DETAILED STUDY OF CONSTRUCTION METHODOLOGY - 2



DETAILED STUDY OF CONSTRUCTION METHODOLOGY - 5



1 Ground Junction Detail - Column Base (Internal)
1 : 5



2 Ground Junction Detail - CLT Wall Base (Internal)
1 : 5

An architectural rendering of a modern, multi-story building with a dark grey facade and large windows. The building is surrounded by a landscaped area with green grass, trees, and shrubs. In the foreground, there is a paved area with several cars: a red car on the left, a white car in the middle, and an orange car on the right. A person is riding a bicycle on a path, and another person is walking near a set of stairs. The sky is blue with light clouds. The text "Risk Mitigation" is overlaid in the center of the image.

Risk Mitigation

INSURANCE - RISK MITIGATION MEASURES

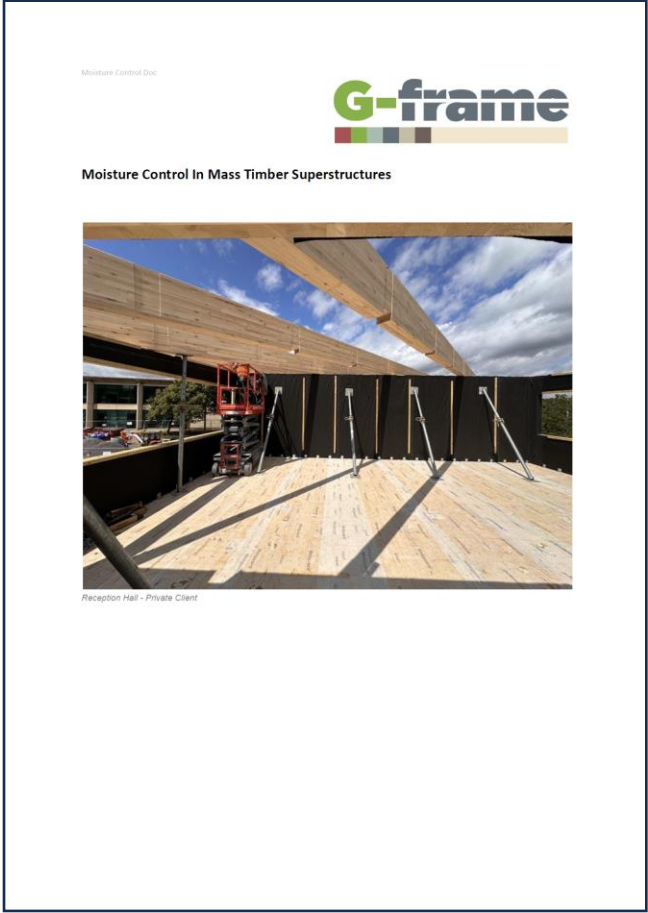


The Mass Timber Insurance Playbook:

A guide to insuring mass timber buildings



Co-authored by Philip Callow and Jim Glocking, Funded by Built by Nature, Marsh, and Zurich Resilience Solutions.



INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS



REQUIREMENTS:

- a) **No EPS to be used on site.** All insulating materials to be LPCB approved, Rockwool or similar approved non-combustible
 - i. (this despite NSAI Agrément certification for EPS with Baumit render)
- b) **Adhere to joint Code of Practice on respectively:**
 - i. Prevention and Management of escape of water on construction sites
 - ii. Prevention from Fire of Construction Sites
- c) **Glulam Structures subject to:**
 - i. Creche/community centre site have full security DURING CONSTRUCTION (hoarding/ days patrols & 24hr CCTV)
- d) **Provision of Construction Management Plan (CMP):**
 - i. Construction stage Safety Plan to be included

DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED:

- i. European Technical Assessment (ETA) and Declaration of Performance (DoP) of Naturheld wood fibre insulation with Baumit render
- ii. G-Frame Moisture Control in Mass Timber Report
- iii. D/RES Insurance Risk Mitigation Report (based on UK Mass Timber Insurance Playbook)
- iv. Evercam 24h camera monitoring of construction process (Construct Innovate Seed Funding)
- v. D/RES Construction Stage Safety Plan

THE JOINT CODE OF PRACTICE ON THE PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF ESCAPE OF WATER ON CONSTRUCTION SITES AND BUILDINGS UNDERGOING RENOVATION

PUBLISHED
16 August 2024

Insurers' experience shows that the occurrence of water damage is one of the most prevalent causes of claims on construction sites. Produced with the Construction Insurance Risk Engineers Group (CIREG) and endorsed by the London Engineering Group (LEG) and the Chartered Institute of Plumbing and Heating Engineering (CIPHE), this Joint Code of Practice aims to help reduce losses associated with escape of water (EoW) events and subsequent project delays during both the pre-construction and construction phases.

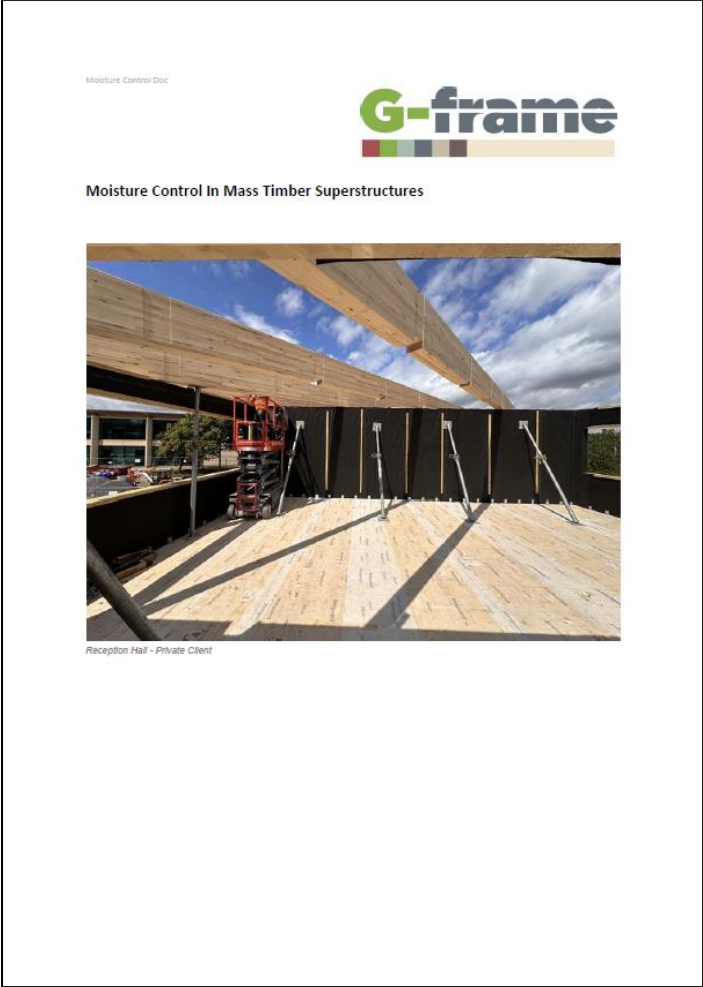
FIRE PREVENTION ON CONSTRUCTION SITES: THE JOINT CODE OF PRACTICE ON THE PROTECTION FROM FIRE OF CONSTRUCTION SITES AND BUILDINGS UNDERGOING RENOVATION

PUBLISHED
26 January 2023

The Joint Code of Practice for Fire Prevention on Construction Sites was first published in 1992 with the objective of preventing fires on construction sites. Now in its 10th edition, the code has been revised to ensure it continues to address not only long-standing risks such as hot work, but also reflects changes in standards, practice and the more prevalent use of modern materials and construction methods.

[The archived 9th edition is available to download here.](#)

MOISTURE MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES



G-FRAME MOISTURE MANAGEMENT PLAN



MOISTURE MONITORING FROM FACTORY TO SITE



PRE-APPLIED TIMBER PORTECTION FORM MANUFACTURE TO SITE

MET – FIRE PERFORMANCE

A. Fire Performance as per TGB – Part B (Fire Safety)

2.1 General Provisions

Subject to the variations and specific provisions described in the paragraphs below, the surface linings of walls and ceilings should meet the following classifications: -

(d) **Class B-s3, d2** (European class EN 13501) or Class 0 (National class) in other circulation spaces (including the common areas of flats and maisonettes)

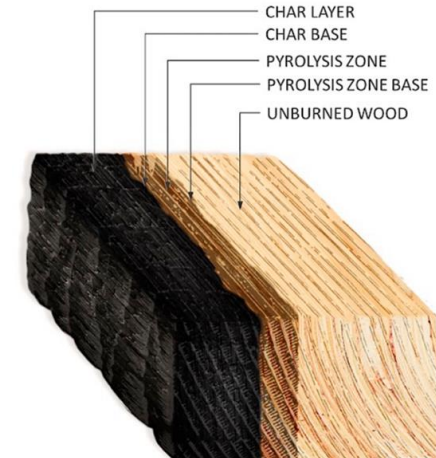
(e) **Class B-s3, d2** (European class EN 13501) or Class 0 (National class) in rooms exceeding 30m² in Residential (Institutional) and assembly and recreation buildings

2.2 Variations and Special Provisions

2.2.1 Part of the surface of a wall in a room may be of a class lower than specified in 2.1 (but not lower than Class D – s3, d2(European) or Class 3 (National)) if the area of that part (or if there are two or more parts, the total area of those parts) does not exceed the lesser of the following:

- (i) Half the floor area of the room
- (ii) 20m² (in the case of a building or compartment of Purpose Group 1,2 or 5) or 60m² in any other case, and

In the case of a wall surface in a building of Purpose Group 1, 2, or 5 the area of that part should not exceed 5m² and should be separated from any other such part by a distance of not less than 2m.



The charring rate for CLT walls is consistent and chars at an average rate of **0.65 mm/min** where only the outermost layer is charred and 0.8 mm/min where charring progresses past the first layer

4. BENEFITS OF A NEW GENERATION OF FIRE RETARDANTS

Timber buildings are environmentally friendly and safe for users. Their benefits include low emissions and the recyclability of the materials. These properties should not be eliminated with coatings or treatment agents that contain harmful substances, generate emissions to indoor air or are non-recyclable.

The new generation of fire retardants like Nordtreat's patented, extensively tested and certified NT DECO are well suited for timber buildings because they make it possible to achieve fire protection in compliance with Euroclass B-s1, d0. This means that the products contribute to a fire in a very limited manner, their smoke production is very limited and they do not produce flaming droplets.

The translucent fire retardant leaves the natural grain pattern of wood visible, either clearly or with a desired tone. In many cases, the hidden surfaces of CLT elements are treated with a colourless fire retardant while the visible surfaces are treated with a tinted retardant.

In many buildings, the beautiful wooden surface of CLT boards can be left visible both inside and outside. When used on exterior surfaces, Nordtreat fire retardants also protect the wood from the effects of sunlight and weathering.

The Nordtreat fire retardants have been tested by leading research laboratories and are certified to comply with the requirements of various environmental and indoor air quality management systems.

BENEFITS OF NORDTREAT FIRE RETARDANTS:

- Durability of fire protection
- Safety and low emissions
- Sustainability
- Cost-effectiveness
- Resistance to sunlight and weathering
- Maintaining the natural appearance of wood

NT DECO

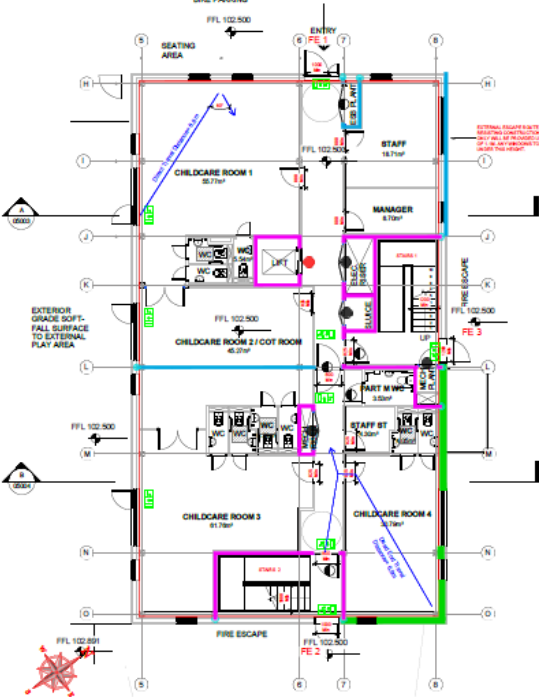
CERTIFIED FLAME RETARDANT FOR INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR USE

NT DECO is designed for durable, colorless or translucent toned fire protection of wood products made of spruce, larch and cedar. Also other species can be treated. The product is ideal for interior and exterior applications. It can be applied industrially or manually by surface treatment.

APPLICATION OF RETARDANT IN COMMUNITY CENTRE

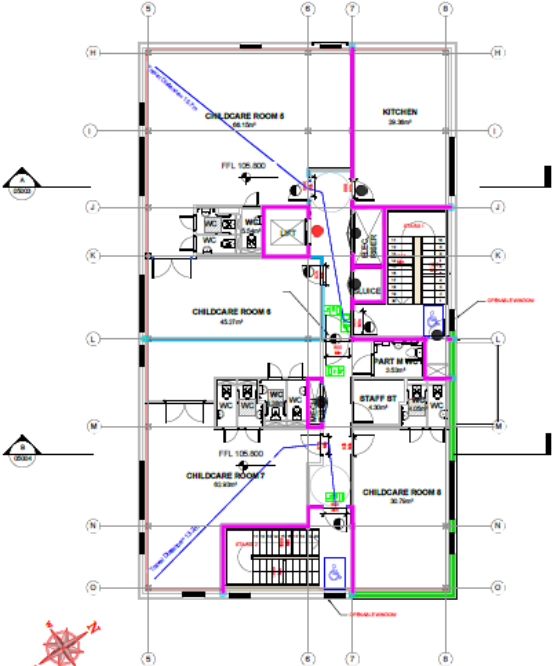
**ENCAPSULATION OR FLAME RETARDANTS TO ACHIEVE:
FIRE CLASS B-s3,d2 (European Class EN13501) or Class 0 (National Class)**

FIRE PROTECTION PRINCIPLES - COMPARTMENTALISATION



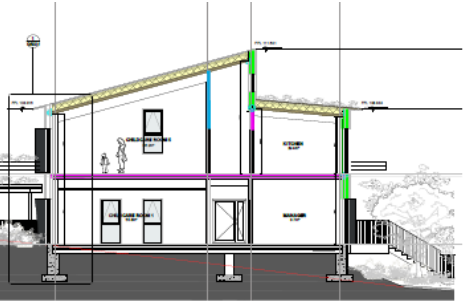
PROPOSED GROUND FLOOR LAYOUT

SCALE 1:100



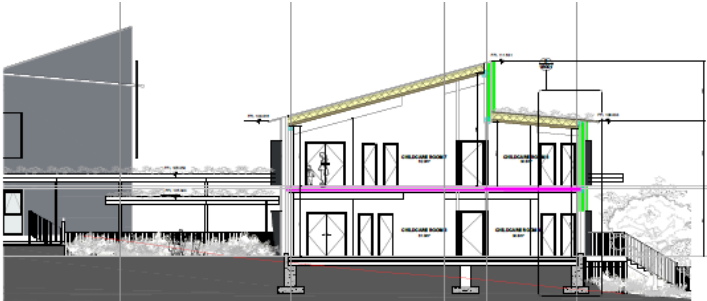
PROPOSED FIRST FLOOR LAYOUT

SCALE 1:100



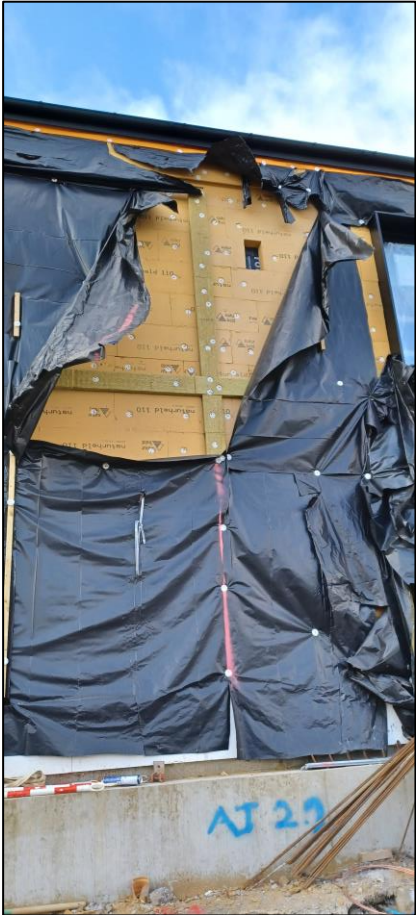
SECTION A

SCALE 1:100



SECTION B

SCALE 1:100



BCAR Process



A. PSDP (Project):

bba architecture



B. ASSIGNED CERTIFIER (Project):

bba architecture



C. ANCILLARY CERT (Sub-structure):



G. ANCILLARY CERT (Superstructure):



D. ANCILLARY CERT (Timber Engineer):



E. DESIGN CERTIFIER (Creche & Community):



F. Fire Safety Certificate & DAC:



LOCAL AUTHORITY - FIRE SAFETY CERTIFICATES (FSC)



REQUIREMENTS:

- a) BBA Certification, NSAI Agrément Certificate or ETA
- b) Upgrade of encapsulation from REI30 to REI60 for 'special areas of risk' – electrical service risers
- c) Timber Structural Engineering Report

CLARIFICATION PROVIDED:

- a) NSAI Agrément Certificate not required - EU Principles of Certification of mass engineered timber components (as per box)

DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED:

- i. Timber Structural Engineering Report
- ii. Stora Enso European Technical Assessment (ETA) for CLT
- iii. Stora Enso Classification Reports of Fire Resistance (walls, floor & roof)
- iv. Commitment to upgrade encapsulation to high-risk areas

EU PRINCIPLES OF CERTIFICATION

As the CLT manufactured for the project has a **European Technical Assessment (ETA)** and the Glulam has a **harmonised European standard (hEN) and CE marking**, none of the mass engineered timber products should require NSAI Agrément certification, as they are EU approved products, not system buildups.

HOLZ FORSCHUNG AUSTRIA

CLASSIFICATION REPORT OF FIRE RESISTANCE
IN ACCORDANCE WITH ÖNORM EN 13501-2:2016

30.04.2021
MAIFUJ

Customer: Stora Enso Wood Products GmbH
Brand 44
AT-3531 Brand

Prepared by: Holzforschung Austria
Franz Grill-Straße 7
AT-1030 Wien

Subject: Load-bearing floor and roof components
of cross laminated timber
„Stora Enso CLT ≥ 150 mm“ planked and unplanked
Fire resistance REI 90/ REI 120

Nr. of classification report: 2803/2020/05 - BH

Number of edition: 01

Date of edition: 30.04.2021

Pages: 8

Enclosures: ---

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1010 Vienna | Austria | F +43 1 533 64 23
www.oib.or.at | mail@oib.or.at

Designated according to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011

Member of **ETA**
www.eta.eu

European Technical Assessment **ETA-14/0349**
of 15.12.2022

General part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment	Osterreichisches Institut für Bautechnik (OIB) Austrian Institute of Construction Engineering
Trade name of the construction product	CLT – Cross Laminated Timber
Product family to which the construction product belongs	Solid wood slab elements to be used as structural elements in buildings
Manufacturer	Stora Enso Oyj P.O. Box 309 00101 Helsinki Finland
Manufacturing plants	See Annex 1
This European Technical Assessment contains	36 pages including 6 Annexes which form an integral part of this assessment.
This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of	European Assessment Document (EAD) 130005-00-0304 "Solid wood slab element to be used as a structural element in buildings".
This European Technical Assessment replaces	European Technical Assessment ETA-14/0349 of 06.04.2020.



Research & Development

CONSTRUCT INNOVATE - SEED FUNDING TOPICS



OLLSCOIL NA GAILLIMHE
UNIVERSITY OF GALWAY

CONSTRUCT INNOVATE SEED FUNDING awarded for:

1. Mass Timber Demonstration Building Project

Project summary:

Use of the Creche & Community Centre as baseline CLT buildings which can demonstrate the use of typical CLT floor cassettes, walls & roofs as well as standard mass timber structural connections, membranes & tapes that can be used across other building typologies.

2. Mass Timber Living Lab Project

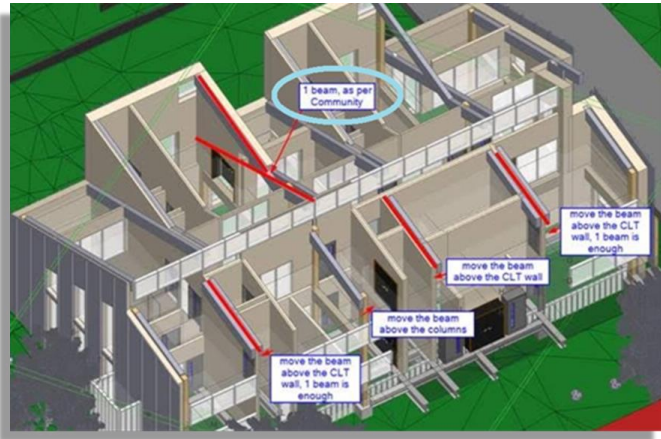
Project summary:

A pioneering effort to assess the creation of a mass timber demonstrator building in order to establish criteria for measuring and monitoring the post-occupancy satisfaction of users and the overall success of the mass timber buildings.

Supervision by:

- Dr Patrick McGetrick (University of Galway)
- Brett Chrystal (DRES Properties)

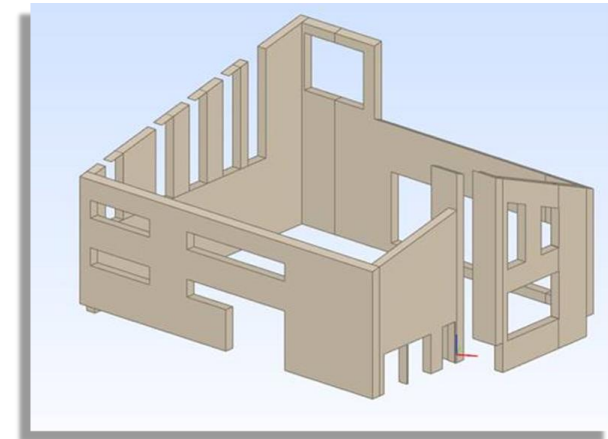
BUILDING PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS



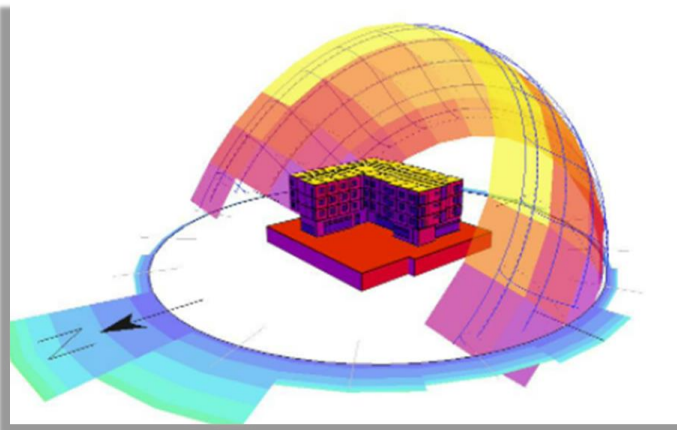
❖ 3-D Volumetric Modelling



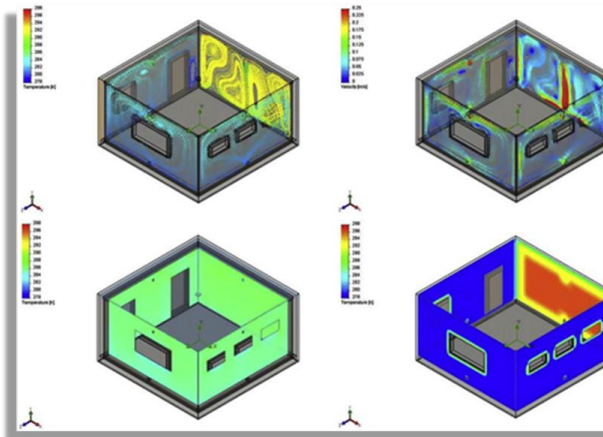
❖ 3-D Analysis of Envelope



❖ Isolation of CLT Components for DfMA



❖ Building Energy Modelling



❖ Thermal Modelling

WHOLE LIFE CARBON ASSESSMENT INFORMATION				
Building Life Cycle Modules and Net Zero Carbon Scopes				
PROJECT LIFE CYCLE INFORMATION				SUPPLEMENTARY INFO BEYOND THE PROJECT LIFE CYCLE
A1 - A3	A4 - A5	B1 - B7	C1 - C4	D
PRODUCT Stage	CONSTRUCTION Stage	USE Stage	END OF LIFE Stage	Benefits & Loads Beyond the System Boundary
A1 Raw Material Extraction & Supply	A4 Transport to Project Site	B1 Use	C1 Destruction/ Demolition	D Reuse, Recycling, Reputational
A2 Transport to Manufacturing Plant	A5 Construction and Installation Procedure	B2 Maintenance	C2 Transport to Disposal Facility	
A3 Manufacturing & Fabrication		B3 Repair	C3 Waste Processing for Reuse, Recovery or Recycling	
		B4 Replacement		
	B5 Refurbishment	C4 Disposal		
		B6 Operational Energy Use	B7 Operational Water Use	

NET ZERO CARBON IN CONSTRUCTION (A1 - A5) NET ZERO CARBON IN OPERATION (B6, B7)

WHOLE LIFE NET ZERO CARBON

Mainer Associates

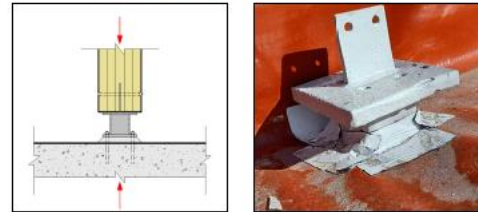
❖ Whole Lifecycle Carbon Assessment

MASS TIMBER DEMONSTRATOR BUILDING

Glulam Base Connection

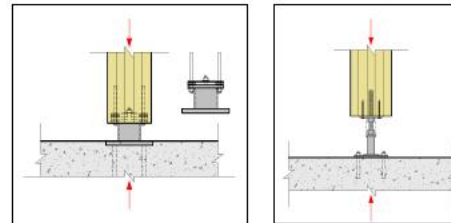
Fixed height steel stanchions with plate connectors were used to affix the glulam columns with laser levelling used to limit deviation to 2 mm-3 mm. However, variability in the thickness of the intumescent coating, together with the variability experienced in the concrete upstands which exceed ± 10 mm tolerance, meant there was very little scope for adjustment to the baseline heights of the glulam columns, with a knock-on effect on the CLT walls and their plate fixings.

Glulam Column Fixed Stanchion



In retrospect, an adjustable steel stanchion would have been more suitable, allowing the height of each glulam column to be erected and then securely fixed once the final position was achieved.

Glulam Column Custom Fittings



REPLICABLE LOW-SCALE PUBLIC & COMMUNITY BUILDINGS



Sands End Arts & Community Centre, London
(Mæ Architects)



The Future of Healthcare
(ZGF – Proof of Concept)

❖ GREENFIELD DEVELOPMENTS

- Schools
- Clinics
- Libraries
- Community centres
- Creches



❖ MODERN METHODS of CONSTRUCTION

- ❖ DESIGN for MANUFACTURE & ASSEMBLY



Elementary School, UK
(HCMA Architecture & Design)



La Conner Swinomish Library, Washington
(BuildingWork)

VISION

“To escalate the transition of Ireland’s built environment to one that achieves net zero carbon buildings using locally manufactured engineered timber”