



Aggregate Standards

- EN 12620: Aggregates for concrete.
- EN 13043: Aggregates for bituminous mixtures and surface treatments for roads, airfields and other trafficked areas.
- EN 13139: -Aggregates for mortar.



- EN 13242: Aggregates for unbound and hydraulically bound materials for use in civil engineering work and road construction.
- EN 13383-1: -Armourstone.
- EN 13450: -Aggregates for railway ballast.



S.R.'s (Ireland's National Annex)

- S.R. 16 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 12620: Aggregates for Concrete
- S.R. 18 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 13139 Aggregates for mortar
- S.R. 21 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 13242:2002 +A1:2007 Aggregates for Unbound and Hydraulically bound materials for use in civil engineering work and road construction
 - I.S. 888 Code of Practice for the procurement and use of unbound granular fill hardcore material for use under concrete floors
 - I.S. 398-1 Reactive pyrite in sub-floor hardcore material Part 1: Testing and categorization protocol– ***<u>For reinstatement only</u> ***



Attestation of Conformity (AOC) System's.

- System 1+ Certification of product conformity, with audit testing.
- System 1 Certification of product conformity, without audit testing.
- <u>System 2+ Certification of Factory Production Control (FPC), with continuous</u> <u>surveillance.</u>
- System 2 Certification of Factory production control (FPC), without surveillance.
- System 3 Initial type testing.
- System 4 Manufacturer's tasks only. The tasks for the manufacturer and for the notified body are summarised in Figure 1.
- All AOC systems, including the least onerous (system 4), require the manufacturer to have a fully recorded Factory Production Control (FPC) system. The criteria for this should be included in the technical specification.



Notified Bodies & Tasks Certifiers /Auditors

- Product Conformity certification bodies; ·
- FPC certification bodies;
- Inspection bodies; and \cdot Test
- Laboratories who are competent to carry out the attestation tasks described in the previous section.

Such bodies are first approved by their respective **Member States** to carry out certain designated tasks, and then notified to the **EU Commission and other EU Member States.**

Conformity Attestation (Commission numbering system)	1+	1	2+	2	3	4
Tasks for the Manufacturer						
Factory production control	x	x	x	x	x	x
 Further testing of samples taken at the factory according to a prescribed test plan 	x	x	x			
 Initial type testing 			x	x		x
Tasks for the Notified Body						
 Initial type testing 	x	x			x	
Certification of FPC	X		x			
 Surveillance of FPC 	Ŷ	×	Č			
 Audit testing of samples 	x	î	ŕ			
 Initial type testing Certification of FPC Surveillance of FPC Audit testing of samples 	x x x x x	x x	x x x		x	



What's Audited ?

Annex C (informative)

Guidance on the Geological and petrographic assessment of the aggregate

S.R. 16:2016

C.1 Introduction

Table A.1 — Recommended I.S. EN 12620:2002+A1:2008 values/categories for concreting aggregates for general use including readymix concrete products, concrete used in roads and other pavements, precast concrete products, including concrete masonry units and precast concrete paving

Properties	Type of Aggregate	Values/categories	Test method
Size	-	d/D to be specified by user/specifier and/or declared by the manufacturer. See Table 1 for guidance	I.S. EN 933-1
	-	Grading category to be specified by user/specifier and/or declared by the manufacturer	
	Coarse aggregate	See Table 3 for guidance	
Grading	Fine aggregate	See Table 4 for guidance	
	All-in aggregate	See Table 5 for guidance	I.S. EN 933-1
	Filler aggregate	See Table 6 for guidance	
Shape	Uncrushed gravel	FI ₅₀	I.S. EN 933-3
- Flakiness Index	Other	FI35	
Fines Content	Crushed rock coarse aggregate	<i>f</i> 4	
	Gravel coarse aggregate	<i>f</i> 1.5	
	Crushed rock fine aggregate	f 16	
	Crushed or partially crushed gravel fine aggregate	fa	I.S. EN 933-1
	Natural sand fine aggregate	f3	
	Crushed rock all-in aggregate	<i>f</i> 11	
	Gravel all-in aggregate	f3	
Fines Quality (of fine	-	When the fines content is ≤f ₃ , the fines quality is considered non-harmful	I.S. EN 933-1 See
	-	When the fines content is >f ₃ the suitability should be assessed by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist)	Annex C of S.R. 16:2016
Resistance to Fragmentation Los-Angeles coefficient	-	LA ₄₀	I.S. EN 1097-2
Particle density	-	Particle density to be declared by manufacturer	I.S. EN 1097-6
Resistance to Freeze/Thaw - Water absorption	-	WA24 to be declared by manufacturer	I.S. EN 1097-6
Resistance to Freeze/Thaw - Magnesium sulfate value	-	MS to be declared by manufacturer	LS. EN 1367-2
Drying shrinkage	-	≤0.075%	LS. EN 1367-4
Alkali-silica reactivity	-	Non-reactive as evaluated by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist)	IEI/ICS Report
Water-soluble chloride ion content		Water-soluble chloride ion content to be declared by manufacturer	I.S. EN 1744-1

Properties	Type of Aggregate	Values/categories	Test method
Acid soluble sulfate content	-	AS _{0.2}	LS. EN 1744-1
Total sulfur content	-	≤1%	I.S. EN 1744-1
Petrographic assessment	-	See 3.5 and Annex C	See Annex C

NOTE 1 The properties and the associated values/categories detailed in Table A.1 apply to both natural aggregates and recycled concrete aggregates when used as a raw material in any concrete

NOTE 2 Table A.1 recommends that total sulfur is < 1 %. However, aggregates that meet the < 1 % recommendation may still be deemed unsuitable based on the assessment and opinion of the Competent Person (Professional Geologist).

A geological and petrographic assessment of the raw material (i.e. the quarry deposit) and of the finished aggregate product for use in concrete and concrete products should be carried out at regular intervals.

This assessment includes:

- a) the initial and ongoing assessment of the quarry deposit;
- b) the initial type testing and ongoing conformity testing of the finished aggregate product;
- c) factory production control of the aggregate production.

The approach and methodologies recommended to assess the raw material and the finished aggregate product both in the macro and micro scale are in C.2 to C.3.

C.2 Geological assessment of the raw material (i.e. the quarry deposit)

H.3.3 of I.S. EN 12620:2002+A1:2008 gives guidance for pre-production and periodic geological assessments of the raw material.

In the case of raw material used to produce concrete and concrete products this geological assessment should give particular attention to limit the presence of suspected problematic lithologies and or minerals which may be unsuitable for use in particular end uses, i.e. in concrete and concrete products.

C.3 Petrographic assessment of the finished aggregate product

A petrographic examination of the aggregate should be carried out in accordance with the procedure specified in I.S. EN 932-3 to determine the presence of potentially deleterious material.

The petrographic description should be carried out by a suitably qualified person.

The petrographic description should be assessed in conjunction with other test results by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist))

NOTE Ensure due account is taken of the variability of the rock and that separate petrographic assessments are carried out on representative sub-samples of any suspected problematic lithologies previously identified as part of the geological examination outlined in. LS. EN 932-3.

C.3.1 Competent Person (Professional Geologist) Statement of compliance

The Competent Person (Professional Geologist) should provide a statement of compliance for the suitability of the material for the proposed end use. This statement should take into consideration the requirements of I.S. EN 12620:2002+A1:2008, the recommendations of this Annex and all necessary parameters including the Petrographer's report.

`What's Audited ?

Properties	Type of Aggregate	Values/categories	Test method
Acid soluble sulfate content	-	AS _{0.2}	I.S. EN 1744-1
Total sulfur content	-	≤1%	I.S. EN 1744-1
Petrographic assessment	-	See 3.5 and Annex C	See Annex C
NOTE 1 The properties and the associated values/categories detailed in Table A.1 apply to both natural aggregates and recycled concrete aggregates when used as a raw			
material in any concrete			
NOTE 2 Table A.1 recommends that total sulfur is < 1 %. However, aggregates that meet the < 1 % recommendation may still be deemed unsuitable based on the assessment			
and opinion of the Competent Person (Professional Geologist).			



Geological and Petrographic assessment

GEOLOGY OF CLASSIS QUARRY

Classis Quarry extracts glaciofluvial sands and gravels sourced from Devonian sandstone formations. The Gyleen

Roadstone Ltd.	SLR Ref No:501.00180.00122
Aggregate Assessment Compliance Report Classis	November 2022

The aggregates have been determined to be in compliance with the test requirements of the following relevant standards and are suitable for use in the following aggregate products which are produced at Classis.

- TII Series 500, 600 and 800 unbound fill materials*
- SR21:2014 + A1: 2016 Annex E Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 13242 unbound fill materials

- S.R. 16 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 12620:2002 Aggregates for concrete products
- S.R. 17 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 13043:2002 Aggregates for bituminous bound aggregate products*
- S.R. 18: 2021 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 13139:2002 Aggregates for mortar

*Further testing may be required

The results of the above assessments and testing have been reviewed by a Professional Geologist qualifying as a

Competent Person.

The results of the above assessments and testing have been reviewed by a Professional Geologist qualifying as a Competent Person with the production faces in the quarry inspected. Bulk samples of the production material were taken in accordance with I.S. EN932-1.





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I.S. EN 12620 &SR16

Supplier specs.

Samples tested as per test schedule -PD3

Delivery dockets for imported materials - R1

Delivery dockets for imported material checked for correct grade

Delivered from within location and/or imported

Suppliers test results/certification - R11

Delivery Dockets show type/grade - R4

Visual check to compare normal apperance

Delivered in sealed containers and stored under cover

					CONCRET
Key	Agg. Stockpiles	Feed Hopper	Agg. Storage Silos/Bins	Cement silos	Wate
<u>Identification &</u> <u>Traceability</u>	Signs - Grade/size		Signs - grade/size for manual loading	Number/Type/Grade	Sign on :



			Finished Product		
Curing	Curing	Banding	Storage	Storage	Loading
Date cast marked on last drop		Banding numbered and colour coded for high strengths per table	Rows marked with date cast.	Block rows not QC passed marked with "Q", quarantined, taped off and signed as "Not For Sale"	Delivery Docket
Time to develop sufficient strength - 24 Hours min.	Water sprays as required during dry weather	Band numbers & colour recorded on strapping record	Flat storage area, well drained. Max stacking height 3m.	First In First Out (FIFO) Sequence	Only rows >21 days not marked "Q" may be loaded. Rows < 21 days must be marked "P" to allow loading
		Strapping Records R9	Lab. Test Records	Stock Count & Date	
		Record number, colour		Stock Count & Date	
Samples tested as per test schedule - PD3					
Green product left to harden sufficiently before strapping.	Green product left to harden sufficiently before strapping.	Strapping machine bands each bale of blocks	Blocks removed from the slab and stacked in storage area	Blocks removed from the slab and stacked in storage area	Loading by hoister or self loading in approved locations





ASSOCIATED PROCEDURES	
TITLE	DOC REF
Calibration	RS.P-001
Product Testing	RS.P-007
Nonconforming Product	RS.P-012
Maintenance	RS.P-013
Transport Process	RS.F.080
Internal Audit	RS.P-09
Management Review	RS.P-010





CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY OF THE FACTORY PRODUCTION CONTROL

0050 - CPR - 1021

System 2+

In compliance with the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC, it has been stated that the construction product:

Aggregates for concrete in accordance with Annex ZA of the following:

I.S. EN 12620:2002+A1:2008

Placed on the market by:

Roadstone Ltd

t/a Joseph Hogans

Ballylin, Foynes

Co. Limerick

V94 NY54

and produced in the factory:

Roadstone Ltd t/a Joseph Hogans **Ballylin, Foynes** Co. Limerick V94 NY54

is submitted by the manufacturer to the initial type-testing of the product and its factory production control and that the approved body - National Standards Authority of Ireland - has performed the initial inspection of the factory and of the factory production control and performs the continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of the factory production control. This certificate attests that all provisions concerning the attestation of factory production control described in

Annex ZA of the standards listed above were applied.

This certificate was first issued on 23 April 2020 and remains valid as long as the conditions laid down in the harmonised technical specification in reference or the manufacturing conditions in the factory or the FPC itself are not modified significantly.

Signed:

Kevin D. Mullaney - Director of Certification

pproval Date:	1.129.172 23 April 2020
ast Amended Date:	13 December 2023
xpiry Date:	31 October 2024
sued by:	NSAI, 1 Swift Square, Northwood Business Park, Santry, Dublin 9

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY OF THE FACTORY PRODUCTION CONTROL

0050 - CPR - 1201

System 2+

In compliance with the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC, it has been stated that the construction product:

Aggregates for mortar in accordance with Annex ZA of the following:

I.S. EN 13139:2002

Placed on the market by:

Roadstone Ltd Classis

Ovens Co. Cork

P31 X003

and produced in the factory:

Roadstone Ltd Classis Ovens Co. Cork P31 X003

is submitted by the manufacturer to the initial type-testing of the product and its factory production control and that the approved body - National Standards Authority of Ireland - has performed the initial Inspection of the factory and of the factory production control and performs the continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of the factory production control.

This certificate attests that all provisions concerning the attestation of factory production control described in Annex ZA of the standards listed above were applied.

This certificate was first issued on 21 March 2023 and remains valid as long as the conditions laid down in the harmonised technical specification in reference or the manufacturing conditions in the factory or the FPC itself are not modified significantly.

Cert 316 - Certificate of Conformity FPC INAB





Kevin D. Mullaney - Director of Certification

le Number:	1.147.022
pproval Date:	21 March 2023
ast Amended Date:	12 October 2023
piry Date:	31 October 2024
sued by:	NSAI, 1 Swift Square, Northwood Business Park, Santry, Dubli

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY OF THE FACTORY PRODUCTION CONTROL

0050 - CPR - 0923

System 2+

In compliance with the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC, it has been stated that the construction product:

Aggregate concrete masonry units. in accordance with Annex ZA of the following:

I.S. EN 771-3:2011+A1:2015

Placed on the market by:

Roadstone Ltd Classis Ovens Co. Cork P31 X003

and produced in the factory

Roadstone Ltd

Classis

Ovens Co. Cork

P31 X003

Is submitted by the manufacturer to the initial type-testing of the product and its factory production control and that the approved body – National Standards Authority of Ireland – has performed the initial inspection of the factory and of the factory production control and performs the continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of the factory production control.

This certificate attests that all provisions concerning the attestation of factory production control described in Annex ZA of the standards listed above were applied

This certificate was first issued on 30 June 2013 and remains valid as long as the conditions laid down in the harmonised technical specification in reference or the manufacturing conditions in the factory or the FPC itself are not modified significantly.

Signe	d:
K	Som





Kevin D. Mullaney - Director of Certification



Cert 316 - Certificate of Conformity FPC INAB



IS EN12620

4	Geometrical requirements
4.1	General
4.2	Aggregate sizes
4.3	Grading
4.4	Shape of coarse aggregate
4.5	Shell content of coarse aggregate
4.6	Fines content
4.7	Fines quality
5	Physical requirements
5.1	General
5.2	Resistance to fragmentation of coarse aggregate
5.3	Resistance to wear of coarse aggregate
54	Resistance to polishing and abrasion of coarse aggregate to be used for surface courses
5.5	Particle density and water absorption
5.6	Bulk density
57	Durability
5.8	A) Classification of the constituents of coarse recycled aggregates
6	Chemical requirements
6.1	General
6.2	Chlorides
6.3	Sulfur containing compounds
6.4	Other constituents
6.5	Carbonate content of fine aggregates for concrete pavement surface courses
7	Evaluation of conformity
7.1	General
7.2	Initial type tests
7.3	Factory production control
8	Designation
8.1	Designation and description
8.2	Additional information for the description of an aggregate



IS EN12620

Annex A (informative) Illustration of grading requirements for most commonly used sizes for graded coarse aggregates	25
Annex B (informative) Guidance on the description of coarseness/fineness of fine aggregates	27
Annex C (normative) Reduced grading tolerances on producer's declared typical grading for fine aggregate	28
Annex D (normative) Assessment of fines	29
Annex E (informative) Guidance on the use of aggregates in concrete	30
Annex F (informative) Notes for guidance on the freezing and thawing resistance of aggregates	31

Annex G (informative) Guidance on the effects of some chemical constituents of aggregates on the durability of concrete in which they are incorporated	33
Annex H (normative) Factory production control	36
Annex ZA (informative) Clauses of this European Standard addressing essential requirements or other provisions of EU Directives	44
Bibliography	56

4	Geometrical requirements
4.1	General
4.2	Aggregate sizes
4.3	Grading
4.4	Shape of coarse aggregate
4.5	Shell content of coarse aggregate
4.6	Fines content
4.7	Fines quality



S.R. 16 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 12620: Aggregates for Concrete

Table A.1 — Recommended I.S. EN 12620:2002+A1:2008 values/categories for concreting aggregates for general use including readymix concrete products, concrete used in roads and other pavements, precast concrete products, including concrete masonry units and precast concrete paving

Properties	Type of Aggregate	Values/categories	Test method
Size	-	d/D to be specified by user/specifier and/or declared by the	I.S. EN 933-1
		manufacturer. See Table 1 for guidance	
	-	Grading category to be specified by user/specifier and/or declared by the manufacturer	
	Coarse aggregate	See Table 3 for guidance	
Grading	Fine aggregate	See Table 4 for guidance	IC EN 022.1
	All-in aggregate	See Table 5 for guidance	1.3. EN 755-1
	Filler aggregate	See Table 6 for guidance	
Shape	Uncrushed gravel	FI ₅₀	LS. EN 933-3
- Flakiness Index	Other	FI35	
Fines Content	Crushed rock coarse aggregate	<i>f</i> 4	
	Gravel coarse aggregate	f15	
	Crushed rock fine aggregate	f16	
	Crushed or partially crushed gravel fine aggregate	fs	LS. EN 933-1
	Natural sand fine aggregate	<i>f</i> 3	
	Crushed rock all-in aggregate	fii	
	Gravel all-in aggregate	f3	
Fines Quality (of fine aggregate or filler)	-	When the fines content is ${\leq} f_{3,}$ the fines quality is considered non-harmful	I.S. EN 933-1 See
,	-	When the fines content is $>f_3$, the suitability should be assessed by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist)	S.R. 16:2016
Resistance to Fragmentation Los-Angeles coefficient	-	LA ₄₀	I.S. EN 1097-2
Particle density	-	Particle density to be declared by manufacturer	I.S. EN 1097-6
Resistance to Freeze/Thaw - Water absorption	-	WA24 to be declared by manufacturer	I.S. EN 1097-6
Resistance to Freeze/Thaw - Magnesium sulfate value		MS to be declared by manufacturer	I.S. EN 1367-2
Drying shrinkage	-	≤0.075%	I.S. EN 1367-4
Alkali-silica reactivity	-	Non-reactive as evaluated by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist)	IEI/ICS Report
Water-soluble chloride ion		Water-soluble chloride ion content to be declared by manufacturer	I.S. EN 1744-1

National Defined Parameters

Values/categories				
AS0.2				
≤1%				
See 3.5 and Annex C				

Properties Type of Aggregate		Type of Aggregate	Values/categories	Test method			
[Acid soluble sulfate content -		AS _{0.2}	I.S. EN 1744-1			
Total sulfur content -		-	≤1%	I.S. EN 1744-1			
Petrographic assessment -		-	See 3.5 and Annex C	See Annex C			
	NOTE 1 The properties and the associated values/categories detailed in Table A.1 apply to both natural aggregates and recycled concrete aggregates when used as a						
	material in any concrete						
	NOTE 2 Table A.1 recommends that total sulfur is < 1 %. However, aggregates that meet the < 1 % recommendation may still be deemed unsuitable based on the assessme						
	and opinion of the Competent Pe	and opinion of the Competent Person (Professional Geologist).					



S.R. 18 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 13139 – Aggregates for mortar

frequencies for properties for aggregates to be used for masonry mortar, plastering/rendering						
Property		Value/category	Logi	Test method	Minimum default frequency (See NOTE 3)	
	Masonry Mortar	Plastering/rendering	Floor screeds			
Size /Grading	0/2	0/2	0/4, 0/8			
Coarseness/fineness classification	CP, MP, FP	MP, FP	CP, MP	LS. EN 933-1	1 ner week	
Fines content Category (See NOTE 2)	2, 3, 4	2, 3, 4 2 1, 4				
Fines quality in fine aggregate					1 per year	
Particle density and Water absorption	To be declare size fraction (d by the manufacturer for 0,0 extracted from sample.	63 - 4 mm	I.S. EN 1097-6	1 per year	
Shell content	When exceptionally required as in the case of marine sourced aggregates the shell content for aggregate fractions coarser than 4 mm should be ≤ 10 % by mass.			I.S. EN 933-7	1 per year	
Chloride ion content	To be declared by the manufacturer. I.S. EN 1744			I.S. EN 1744-1	1 per 2 years for non- marine aggregates 1 per week for marine aggregates	
Acid -soluble sulfate content (AS)	AS 0,2			I.S. EN 1744-1	1 per 6 months	
Total sulfur content (S)	$S \leq 1$ % generally; $S \leq 0,1$ % if pyrrhotite is present in the aggregate; I.S. EN 1744-1 and				1 per 6 months	

Table A.1 - Recommended I.S. EN 13139:2002 values/categories and test/assessment

S.R. 18:2021

Property	Value/category	Test method	Minimum default frequency
	The aggregate should be further assessed by a Competent Person (Professional Geologist) and deemed suitable with regard to its total sulfur content (see NOTE 1).		(See NOTE 3)
Constituents which alter the rate of setting and hardening of mortar	If the Competent Person (Professional Geologist) recommends that this test should be carried out: — Increase in stiffening ≤ 120 minutes; and — Decrease in compressive strength at 28 days ≤ 20 %.	I.S. EN 1744-1 Clause 15.3 (See also 3.4.3 of this S.R.)	When recommended by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist)
Alkali-silica reactivity (ASR)	ASR to be declared by the manufacturer as either non-deleterious or potentially deleterious based on assessment by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist).	IEI/ICS Report	Once and in case of doubt
Petrographic assessment of the finished aggregate product	The petrography of the aggregate to be declared by the manufacturer as suitable for use in making mortar based on assessment by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist).	See Annex B.3.1	1 per year

NOTE 1 This Table recommends that total sulfur is ≤ 1 %. However, aggregates that meet the ≤ 1 % recommendation may still be deemed unsuitable based on the assessment and opinion of the Competent Person (Professional Geologist).

NOTE 2 Category 4 fines content is for crushed rock fines.

NOTE 3 The test/assessment frequencies should be increased (more frequent testing) from the default frequencies outlined in Table A.1 if recommended by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist). The test assessment/frequencies may be decreased (less frequent testing) from those outlined in Table A.1 if recommended by the Competent Person (Professional Geologist) or where a very consistent value/category is regularly achieved for a particular property (see 3.6.4.1 of this S.R.).



BS 1199 & 1200 Building sands from Natural sources

Table 1 — Sands for external renderings, internal cement and lime plastering

BS sieve	Percentage b	Percentage by mass passing BS sieves			
	Type A	Type B			
mm	%	%			
6.30	100	100			
5.00	95 - 100	95 - 100			
2.36	60 - 100	80 - 100			
1.18	30 - 100	70 - 100			
μm					
600	15 - 80	55 - 100			
300	5 - 50	5 - 75			
150	0 - 15	0 - 20			
75	not greater than 5	not greater than 5			

Table 1 — Sands for mortar for plain and reinforced brickwork, blockwalling and masonry

BS sieve	Percentage by m	ass passing BS sieves			
Do sieve	Type S	Type G			
mm					
6.30	100	100			
5.00	98-100	98-100			
2.36	90-100	90 - 100			
1.18	70 – 100	70 - 100			
μm					
600	40 - 100	40 - 100			
300	5- 70	20- 90			
150	0- 15	0- 25			
75	0– 5ª	0- 8 ^b			
 ^a 0 - 10 % for crushed stone sands ^b 0 - 12 % for crushed stone sands 					



Table NA.3 — Acceptable Assumed Equivalent Mixes for Prescribed Masonry Mortars (Subclause 3.2.2(1))

Comprossivo	Equiv (Proportion of	alent Prescribed Mo f Materials by Volun	ortars ne) (see Note)	Mortor	
Strength Class ^a	Cement:Lime:Sand with or without Air Entrainment	Masonry Cement:Sand	Cement:Sand with or without Air Entrainment	Designation	
M12 1:0 to 1/4:3 Not suitable Not suitable				(i)	
M6	M6 1: ¹ / ₂ :4 to 4 ¹ / ₂ 1:2 ¹ / ₂ to 3 ¹ / ₂ 1:3 to 4				
M4	M4 1:1:5 to 6 1:4 to 5 1:5 to 6				
M2	1:2:8 to 9	1:5½ to 6½	1:7 to 8	(iv)	
^a The number following the M is the compressive strength for the class at 28 days in N/mm ²					
NOTE When the sand portion is given as, for example, 5 to 6, the lower figure should be used with sands containing a higher proportion of fines whilst the higher figure should be used with sands containing a lower proportion of fines.					

Table F.1 — Prescribed Mixes suitable for rendering

		Mix proporti	ons by volume based o	n damp sand	
Miry Class		Cement:ready-mixed lime:sanda			
MIX CIASS	Cement:lime:sand ^a	Ready-mixed lime:sand	Cement:ready-mixed material	Cement:sand ^a (using plasticizer)	Masonry cement:sandª
I	1:1/4:3	1:12	1:3	_	_
II	1 : ½ : 4 to 4½	1:9	1 : 4 to 4½	1:3 to 4	1:2½ to 3½
III	1: 1 : 5 to 6	1:6	1 : 5 to 6	1 : 5 to 6	1 : 4 to 5
IV	1:2:8 to 9	1:4½	1:8 to 9	1:7 to 8	1 : 5½ to 6½
V	1:3:10 to 12	1:4	1 : 10 to 12		

NOTE In special circumstances, e.g. where soluble salts in the background are likely to cause problems, mixes based on sulphate-resisting Portland cement should be employed.

^a With fine or poorly graded sands, the lower volume of sand should be used.

S.R. 21 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 13242:2002 +A1:2007 – Aggregates for Unbound and Hydraulically bound materials for use in civil engineering work and road construction

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Category/size Minimum test frequency Initial Factory Test Test Properties T2 Perm T3 Blind Type Description Method T1 Struc production Testing control 0/31,5ª I.S. EN Grading See Table (crushed rock) 933-1 4/40 0/4E.2 GF80 Gc80/20 0/40 a See Table 3 See Table 4 Grading LS. EN Yes 1 per week See Table 933-1 (gravel) E.2 Geometrical I.S. EN No No Fines content f7 933-1 requirement requirement % Crushed or broken I.S. EN No Yes C50/10 Monthly particles 933-5 requirement (gravel only) Los Angeles I.S. EN No Physical LA₃₀ Yes 2 per year requirement coefficient 1097-2 I.S. EN Water No 1097-6 WA242 Yes 2 per year Absorption requirement Clause 8 Durability Magnesium I.S. EN No sulfate MS25 Yes 1 per year 1367-2 requirement soundness

Annex E

S.R. 21 Guidance on the use of I.S. EN 13242:2002 +A1:2007 – Aggregates for Unbound and Hydraulically bound materials for use in civil engineering work and road construction

Annex E

Chemical	L			l	l			
Chemical	Total sulfur	I.S. EN 1744-1	See E.2.4.4	Yes	Quarterly			
Geological Classification	Geological examination	I.S. EN 932-3 and E.2.4.3	See E.2.4.3	Yes	Quarterly			
	Petrographic assessment (Thin and polished sections)	See E.2.4.5	See E.2.4.5	Yes For total sulfur values between 0,1 % and 1 % See E.2.4.5				
NOTE 1 Test	NOTE 1 Test frequencies may be revised based on the advice of the Competent Person (Professional Geologist).							
NOTE 2 See 3.5.5 for guidance on frequency of sampling and testing.								
NOTE 3 Due account should be taken of the repeatability and reproducibility of the relevant test methods when declaring categories for properties.								
^a See Clause 4, NOTE 4, EN 13242:2002+A1:2007								



Annex E

- T.3 Blinding: 0/4mm
- 8. Declared Performance

Characteristic	Declared Performance	Harmonised Technical Specification		
Water Absorption	0.5%	I.S. EN 1097		
Percentage crushed and broken	C100/0	I.S. EN 933-5		
Resistance to fragmentation	LA 20	I.S. EN 1097-2		
Resistance to freezing and thawing	MS ₂	I.S. EN 1367-2		
Sulphate Content (Acid Soluble)	AS <.2%	I.S. EN 1744-1		
Total Sulfur	TS <1%	I.S. EN 1744-1		
Mudrock Content	<10%			
Rock Type	Limestone			







Rialtas na hÉireann Government of Ireland

A Guide to the Marketing and Use of Aggregate Concrete Blocks to EN 771-3 in Ireland

for manufacturers, importers, distributors, specifiers, designers, builders, certifiers and end users





2.4 Summary of obligations

Placing a construction product on the market - Declaration of Performance



2.4 Summary of obligations





Responsibility for compliance: Manufacturers, Importers, Distributors Responsibility for compliance: Owner, Builder, Specifier, Designer, Certifier







	Tolerance Category		0	D1 (+3mm, -5mm)		_ ↓	Annex C.3 of S.R. 325:2013+A2:2018
Configuration	Shape and features					←	To be defined by the manufacturer
	Grouping according to EN 1996-1-1		0	Group 1	4	←	Annex C.5 of S.R. 325:2013+A2:2018
Compressive	Mean Compressive Strength			7.5 N/mm ²	4	←	Annex C.4 and C.5 of S.R.325:2013+A2:2018, and Technical Guidance Document A (Structure)
Strength	Direction of load		0	Perpendicular to bed faces		←	Annex C.4 of S.R. 325:2013+A2:2018
	Unit Category			Category I	k	←	Table 14 of S.R. 325:2013+A2:2018
Dimensional Sta Moisture Moven	ability nent	\leq		< 0.6 mm/m	•	←	Annex C.6 of S.R. 325:2013+A2:2018 & Table NA.6 of NA:2010+A1:2014 to I.S. EN 1996-1-1:2005+A1:2012
Bond	Shear Bond Strength		0	0.15 N/mm ²			Table NA.5 of NA:2010+A1:2014 to I.S. EN
Strength	Flexural Bond Strength		\bigcirc	0.5 N/mm²			1996-1-1.2005+A1.2012
Reaction to Fire				A1		←	Technical Guidance Document B - Fire Safety
Water Absorption			\bigcirc	≤20 g/m²s		1	To be dealared by the menufacturer
Water Vapour P	ermeability		Õ	5/15µ (Tabulated value)			Section 5.5 of S.R. 325 provides guidance



7. Declared Performance

DECLARATION OF

No.B1 Category 1 Aggregate Concre

1. Unique identification code of the product type:

Code	Description
1230002	100mm Solid Standard 87.5
1230003	140mm Solid Standard S7.5
1230001	65mm Solid Standard 87.5
1230004	100mm Solid Standard S13
1230008	140mm Solid Standard S13
1230006	100mm Solid Standard S18
1230005	100mm Solid Standard S24
Table 1. Produ	ction details can be traced via dispatch docket & nun

2. Intended USB-as a common masonry unit and internal w engineering applications (see I.S. EN 771-3 2011 Aggregate accordance with Irish Building Regulations (including Techn EN 13914 - 1 & 2: 2016 (Design, Preparation and Applicatio 325:2013+A2:2018 (Recommendations for the design of m

3. Name, registered trade name or registered trademark an under Article 11(6)

7 (030

RL DOP-B1 Rev 7

Page 2 of 4

Roadstone Ltd. Fortunestown Dublin 24

4. N/A

5. System of AVCP System 2+

Harmoniced Standard: I.S. EN 771-3 2011 + A1 2015 App

Notified certification body:

National Standards Authority of Ireland (NB 0050) performed the Init production control and the continuous surveillance, assessment, and certificate of constancy of conformity of the factory production contr

SGS ICS - Services Internacionais de Certificação, Lda, Notified Body 1

Location	FPC Cert No.	Location
Beigard	1029 - CPR - GB23/00000360	Huntstown
Ballyknockane	0050-CPR-0141	Slane
Bunratty	0050-CPR-0135	Arkiow
Classis	0050-CPR-923	Carrigtwohill
Kilamey	0050-CPR-922	Castlebar
Joseph Hogan's	0050-CPR-346	Galway
Mallow	0050-CPR-137	

Characterictio Declared Performance \$25 g/(m2*s) Water Absorption due to Capillary 7.5N Not to be left unrendered in Exposed conditions. Action Safe to the classe three Dimensional Tolerance D1 (+3mm, -5mm) All strengths: not to be used as a DPM. Category 1 to EN 1996-1-1 Group 1 Mover Configuration Moisture Movement < 0.6 mm/m Roadstone Ltd. Normal Configuration Vertica & Tab Gross Density Fortunestown >1900kg/m² Dublin 24 Water Vapour Permeability 5/15u Certification Body NSAI 050 (Belgard SGS 1029) Net Density >1900kg/m² Based As shown in Table 1 above, Compressive Strength (Mean) Reaction to Fire Class A1 (Refer in vertical orientation Location **FPC Cert No** Location *50 1029 - CPR -Thermal Conductivity 1.01 - 1.19 W/mK (A10, dry) Deigard Hurtstown G823/0000036 0050-CPR-0141 Siare Delivinociane Shear Bond Strength 0,15N/mm² (Tabulated) *Table I 0050-CPR-0135 Addow Durraty Cement 0050-CPR-923 Cissal Carrightchill Dangerous Substances None with Rel-0050-CPR-922 prohibit Kilaney Castebar *Reference to National Provisions / NDP = National Defined Parameter Joseph Hogen's 0050-CPR-346 Galway The performance of the product identified above is in conformity with the declared performance. This declar 0050-CPR-137 Mallow accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, under the sole responsibility of Roadstone ltd. EN 771-3:2011 + A1:2016 Category I, Group 1 Aggregate Concrete Masonry Unit - B1 Standard/Common Solid Block Signed for and on behalf of the manufacturer by: Alan Lowe, Senior Technical Manag Masonry Conditions/Situations in Table 14 (Durability of masonry in finished construction) of S.R. Alar lente Dimensions: Length (440mm), Width (65mm, 100mm, 140mm) Height (215mm) (Name and Function) 825:3013+A2:2018 and used in accordance with Irish Beigard, 08/01/2024 Building Regulations (Including Technical Suidance Dimensional tolerances: Category: D1 Documents C & D), Eurocodes, LS. EN 18914 - 1 & 2: 2010 (Place and Date of Issue) Gionature and S.R. 825(2018+A2:3018 Configuration: Group 1 unit to EN 1996-1-1 Vertical This certificate is valid from 8th January 2024 and remains valid as long as the conditions laid Masonry Conditions/Situations A1 and A2 (Work below specification in reference or the manufacturing conditions in the factory or the FPC itself are or near external ground level) and D (Rendered externa Compressive strength: Mean Air-Dry Mortar Capped 7.5N/mm2, 13N/mm2, 18N/mm2, 24N/mm2 pate to Dated suspended or withdrawn by the notified factory production control certification body. walk jother than chinneys, cappings, copings, parapete effet) - Clauses MO2.1/2.2/3.1: Category 1 Group 1: + net density > 1,500 kg/m⁴ 1230002 + declared mean compressive strength > 7.5%/mm² or a declared normalized compressive strength of 1230003 a 10.5 N/mmi 1230005 + montar strength class: NH (A1 / MX3.1/2.2/3.1), M6 (A3 Durability (freeze/thaw) 1230004 / MB(2:3) stations. Masonry Conditions/Situations At (Work being or new 1230006 enternal ground level) and C1 and C2 (Unrendered 1230005 external walls fother than chimneys, cappings, copings, parapets, slik)) - Class MOLL2: Dimensional stability: Moisture Movement: 0.6 mm/m Category 1, Group 1: • net density > 1,500 kg/m² Shear bond strength: Fixed value 0.15(N/mm²) · declared mean compressive strength > 1384/mm² and a Flexural bond strength: NPD declared Reaction to fire: Euroclass A1 normalised compressive strength Water absorption: <20g/mis (3.5H, not to be left anreadered in Spoord conditions, Refer to the funcibility Releva. All strengths: not to be used as a DPMI. of 2 18 N/mm² + mortar strength class: M12 Water vapour diffusion coefficient: 5/15µ Direct airborne cound inculation: Gross dry density >1900 kg/m³ All maconry units produced with aggregate in accordance with 1.5. RN 12630 (Aggregates for concrete) and S.R. Thermal conductivity: 1.01 - 1.19 W/mK (k10, dry, unit, S1) 16:3056 (Suidance on the use of LS. EN 13620, Durability against treeze-thaw: Masony Contison/Stuatow in Table 14 (Durability of masony in finited contraction) of S.R. 2352019-A22018 and used in accordance with high Building Regulators (including Technical Guidance Documents C.& D, Eurocodes, I.S. EN 13914 - 1 8-2 2019 and S.R. 252 2019-A22018 Aggregates for concrete! Refer to DoP Table 8 Declared Performance Dangerous substances: None

RL.DOP-B1 Rev 7 January 2024

Page 3 of 4

RL.DOP-B1 Rev 7 January 2024

Page 4 of 4

Page 1 of 4





13

RL DoP-B1

EPC Cart No.

0050-008-125

0050-CPR-164

0050-CPR-163

0050-CPR-423

0050-CPR-157

0050-CPR-150

300mm Solid Standard 57.5

S40mm Solid Standard 57.5

65mm Solid Standard 57.5

100mm Solid Standard S18

Saliman Colid Crandiand C12

100mm Solid Standard 518

100mm Solid Standard 534

roadstone

Location

Castlemine

Tulemore

Lephy

Kimaco

Rearis

Goole

FPC Cert No.

0050-028-0192

0050-CPR-0185

0050-CPR-0183

0050-CPR-0216

0050-CPR-436

0050-CPR-138



Water Absorption due to Capillary Action	≤25 g/(m ² *s) 7.5N Not to be left unrendered in Exposed conditions. Refer to the clause Above. All strengths: not to be used as a DPM.	I.S. EN 772 – 11	
Moisture Movement	< 0.6 mm/m	I.S. EN 772-14 Movement joints required at 7 Meter centres as per clause 5.4.3.4 of SR 325 (or as specified by competent person)	
		*Annex C.6 of S.R. 325:2013+A2:2018 & Table NA.6 of NA:2010+A1:2014 to I.S. EN 1996-1-1:2005+A1:2012 NDP	
Water Vapour Permeability	5/15µ	I.S. EN 1745 Annex A(Tabulated)	
		Based on Commission Decision 200/605 EC amending 96/603 EC	
Reaction to Fire	Class A1	(Refer to I.S. EN 1996-1-2 National Annex Table NA. 3.1/3.2 & 3.3 for fire ratings of wall constructed with Class A1 Units)	
		*Building Regulations Part B—Fire Safety	
		I.S. EN 998-2(Tabulated)	
Shear Bond Strength	0,15N/mm² (Tabulated)	*Table NA.5 of NA:2010+A1:2014 to I.S. EN 1996- 1-1:2005+A1:2012	
Dangerous Substances	None	Cement, Aggregate Water & Admixtures comply with Relevant EN's and National SR's which prohibit the use of Dangerous Substance	



RENDERS AND PLASTERS

• 3.2.2 EXTERNAL WALLS, IN ADDITION TO MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF PAR. 3.2.1, SHOULD:

 (a) resist the penetration of rain or snow to the inside of the building, and

♦(b) not be damaged by rain or snow, and

 (c) not carry rain or snow to any part of the building which would be damaged by it.





RENDERS AND PLASTERS

RESISTANCE TO MOISTURE

1.2 Where any material is likely to be adversely affected by condensation, by moisture from the ground or by airborne moisture such as rain or snow:

♦(a) the construction should prevent the passage of moisture to the material, or

♦(b) the material should be treated or otherwise protected from moisture.





Background	Undercoat ^a (See 6.18.4)		Final coat (See 6.18.5)					
	Designation (see Table F.1)	Thickness	Finish	Thickness	Туре	Classification/Mix proportions by volume ^b or designation (see Table F.1)		
		8 to 12	Thrown/ Applied	-	Roughcast	1:1:3:2		
	п			7 to 10	Buttercoat for drydash	III		
				-	Tyrolean	II		
Strong to moderate		8 to 12	Trowel applied	8 to 10	Wooden Float			
lilouerate	III			10 (after scraping)	Scraped/ Patterned	IV		
				8 to 10	Tooled			
	III	10 to 15		1 to 5				
	ш	8 to 12	Thrown	-	Roughcast	1:1:3:2		
				7 to 10	Buttercoat for drydash	III		
				-	Tyrolean	II		
Moderate to	IV	8 to 12	Trowel applied	8 to 10	Wooden Float			
Weak				10 (after scraping)	Scraped/ Patterned	IV		
				8 to 10	Tooled			
	III	10 to 15		1 to 5				
Weak (in sheltered positions only)	IV or V	8 to 12	Trowel applied	8 to 10	Wooden Float	v		

Table F.3 —Moderate and sheltered exposure: recommended rendering specifications

NOTE The nominal overall thickness (excluding texture) is not normally less than 20 mm,

^a for severe exposure, the use of two undercoats may be required

^b Cement:Lime:Sand:Coarse aggregates



	First undercoat (see 6.18.4)		Second undercoat ^a (see 6.18.4)		Final coat (see 6.18.5 and Note 2)	
Background	/Designation (see Table F.1)	Thickness (mm)	/Designation (see Table F.1)	Thickness (mm)	Туре	Mix proportions by volume ^b or designation (see Table F.1)
Churry to					Roughcast	1: 1/2: 3: 11/2
Strong to Moderate	п	8 to 12	П	6 to 10	Buttercoat for drydash Tyrolean	Π
					Roughcast	1: 1/2: 3: 11/2
Metal lathing	I	3 to 6º	п	10 to 14	Buttercoat for drydash Tyrolean	Π
Moderate to weak	III	8 to 12	III	6 to 10	Buttercoat for drydash Tyrolean	II/III

Table F.2 — Prescribed Mixes suitable for rendering

NOTE 1 The nominal overall thickness (excluding texture) is not normally less than 20 mm.

NOTE 2 For severe exposure, it is preferred that the finish coat be thrown, or rough textured.

NOTE 3 For full fill cavity applications refer to clause 5.3.3.2.9.

^a For severe exposure, the use of two undercoats is preferred

^bCement:lime:sand:coarse aggregate

^c Render thickness given is from the outer face of the lath



RENDERS AND PLASTERS

MINIMUM RENDER THICKNESS

15mm for a two-coat system20mm for a three-coat system



2 Coat System Moderate Exposure

Finish Coat (Rough) e.g. Wet or Dry Dashing, Tyrolean

Scratch Coat 1

Scratch Coat 2

3 Coat System Severe & Very Severe Exposure



RENDERS & PLASTERS I.S. EN 13914 -1

According to Met Éireann, Ireland witnesses an average of 8 named storms in a season. 23/24 Kathleen (11) Avearge > 80Km/h



Figure 9: Map airfield index (m_A) for the period 1991 – 2020 for the Republic of Ireland. Suggested classes of exposures: very sheltered (<10), sheltered (10 – 12), moderate (12 – 14), severe (14 – 16), very severe (16 – 18) and extreme (18 – 26).



SR325 AMENDMENT - MOVEMENT JOINTS

2018

"Where possible, to control the contraction in concrete masonry, it should be designed as a **series of panels separated by movement joints**. The degree of movement is dependent upon unit type and, as a rule, vertical joints not less than **10 mm** wide to accommodate horizontal movement should be provided at intervals not greater than **7m**. The ratio of length to height of the panels should generally not exceed **3:1**.

In **external walls containing openings**, movement joints may need to be provided at **more frequent** intervals or the masonry above and below the opening may need to be **reinforced** to restrain movement. Particular attention should be paid to long low horizontal panels of masonry, e.g. those under windows."



SR325 AMENDMENT - MOVEMENT JOINTS





Ghosting or Shadowing

"Ghosting" – seeing the outline of underlying bricks or blocks through a coating of render, will almost certainly be the result of poorly applied render. The render will likely not be sufficiently thick, or one of the stages of application may have been missed or done badly.







Agrément certification - IAB

 Agrément certification is designed specifically for new building materials, products and processes that do not yet have a long history of use and for which published national standards do not yet exist.

• Read and understand what the cert is actually saying !!!!



Typical Spec.

60. CONCRETE BLOCKS

The concrete blocks shall be 13.5 N/mm2 compressive strength unless noted otherwise on drawings.

Methods of measuring dimensions and determining strength and drying shrinkage shall be in accordance with ASTM C596 - 18

The Contractor shall obtain from the supplier of the bricks or blocks, a certificate which shall state the number of the Irish or British Standard, the strength of the unit, the length, height and thickness of the unit, the type (solid, cellular, hollow or perforated). It shall also state that the manufacturer has made arrangements for his products to be sampled and tested at regular intervals in accordance with the relevant Irish or British Standard.

Prior to order, the contractor is to confirm from their masonry supplier that all materials are free of deleterious materials and that a representative sample of blocks have been tested for pyrite content by chemical analysis.

See section 50 above in this specification for testing limits for pyrites for all hardcore stone



Ireland Materials - Locations



Over 250 Product Certification Audits + 100 ISO9001 Audits

- Quarries: 41 x4 Aggregate types
- Sand Pits: 11 x4 Aggregate types
- Asphalt Plants: 16
- Block plants: 20
- Roof Tile Plant: 1
- Powder Lime Plants: 2 x2
- Chemical Lime Plants: 2x2
- Paving: 1
- Retail Shops: 6





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15/05/2024



